

CLEO and QCD:
from **Beauty** to **Charm**
(High Precision Tests of Theory)

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With **much** thanks to **many** CLEOns!

CESR/CLEO and CKM:

Rich 20+ year tradition of B physics
Many important discoveries and
measurements:

Penguins: $b \rightarrow s g(V_{ts})$

B^0 Mixing (V_{td})

Rare B decays

V_{ub} and V_{cb}

Etc.

... but **much** more, too!!

A diverse collaboration with
diverse physics interests!!

The CLEO Collaboration

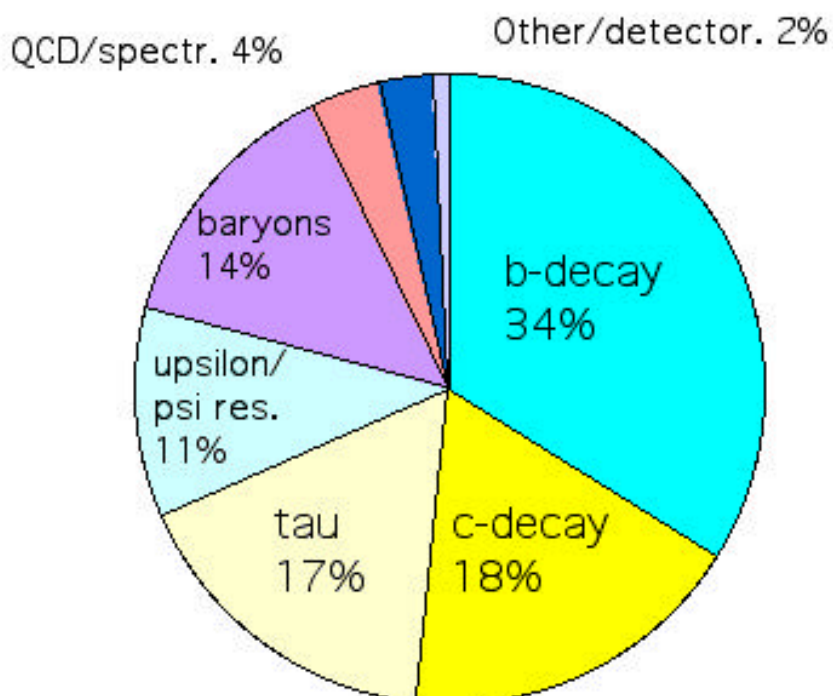
- Membership:

- ~20 Institutions
- ~150 physicists
- ~1/2 DOE, 1/2 NSF
- Currently expanding...

- Publication history 1980-

- ~330 papers
- diverse physics:

Albany
Caltech
CMU
Cornell
Florida
Harvard
Illinois
Kansas
Minnesota
Northwestern
Ohio State
Oklahoma
Pittsburgh
Purdue
Rochester
SMU
UCSD
UCSB
Syracuse
Vanderbilt
Wayne State



CESR has performed well ...

some 24 fb⁻¹ in 1989-2001

some 17 **million** BB pairs in CLEO

... but BaBar/Belle have started up
"brilliantly" ... 10 fb⁻¹ in **first** year
... soon to have 100 fb⁻¹

... **no** competition from CLEO for
time-dependent studies

... fading competitive stance for
CLEO in rare B decay modes

So, how *do* **CESR** and **CLEO**
continue to contribute ?!

Exploiting the experimental precision of the asymmetric B factories

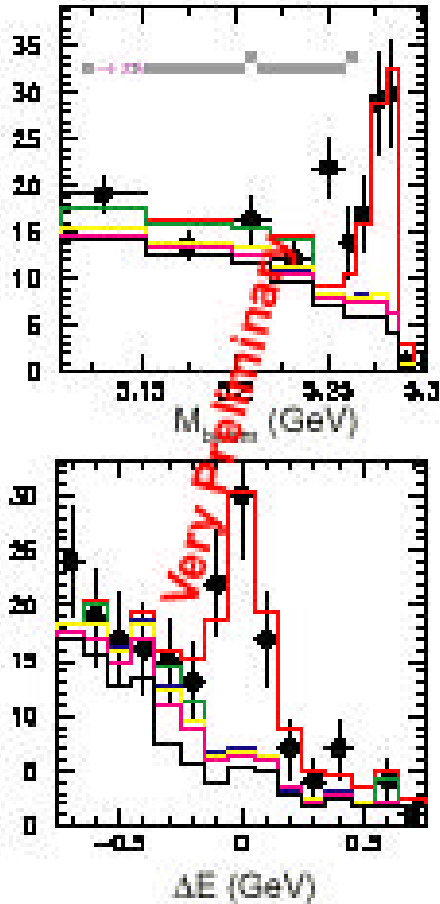
$$\begin{aligned} \text{result} &= \text{value} \pm \sigma_{\text{stat}} \pm \sigma_{\text{syst}} \\ &\pm \sigma_1 (\text{other experiments}) \\ &\pm \sigma_2 (\text{theory}) \end{aligned}$$

For example:

- 1) D branching fractions limit any result involving $B \rightarrow D$
- 2) Strong (NPQCD) uncertainties limit many weak interaction results (sin2b a "gold-plated" exception!)

Ex: $b \rightarrow u$ transitions (V_{ub})

CLEO

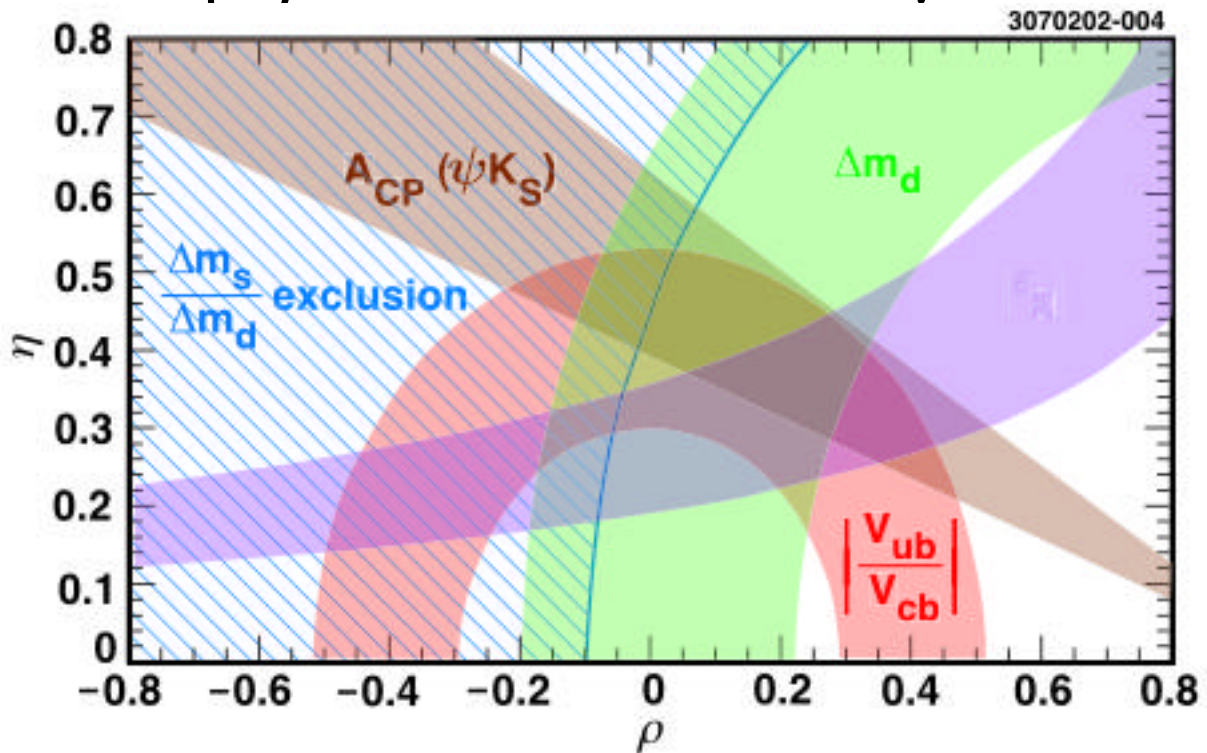


- Use $B \rightarrow u \ell \bar{\nu}$ decays; rate gives V_{ub} -- in principle!
- Experimental precision at the B-Factories could approach **4%** in the next 5 years
- Strong interaction effects (*i.e.* the “form factor” for the u quark materializing as a pion) are known to **$\sim 20\%$** .

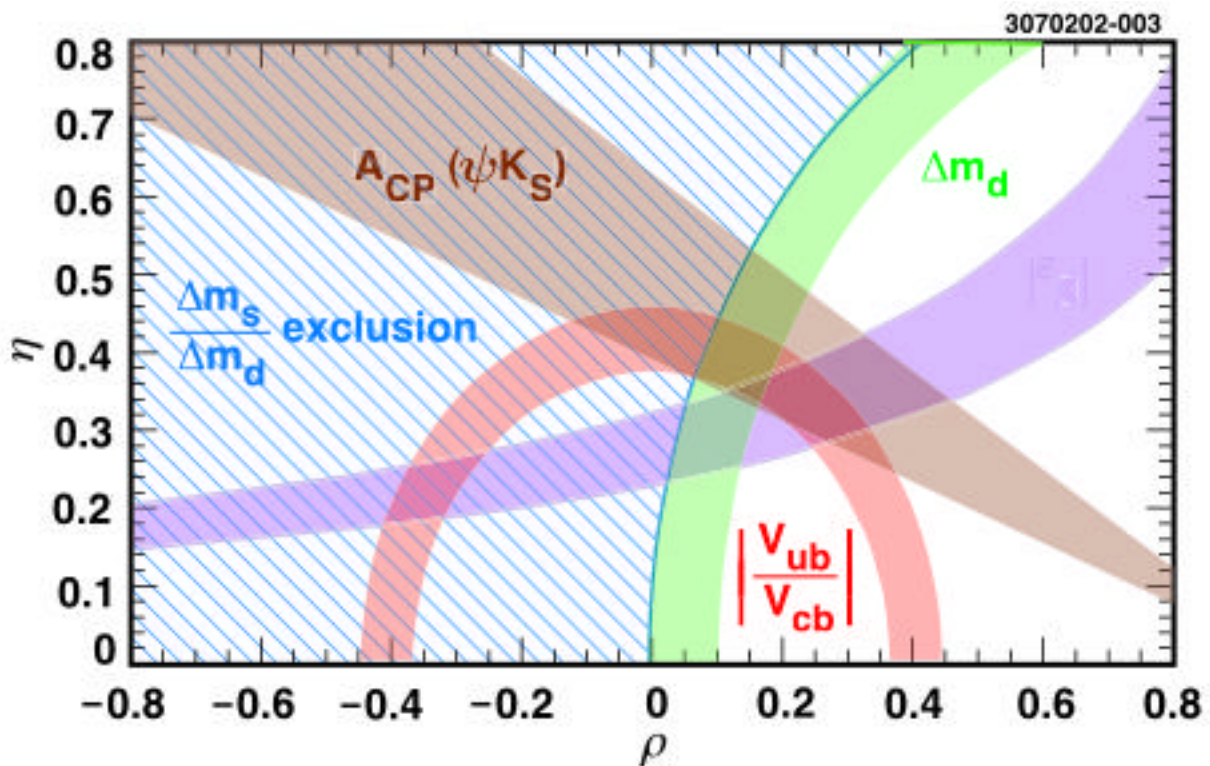
Lattice QCD to the Rescue?

- Only complete definition of QCD
- **Not** a "model" - no fudge factors
- Current (last ~5 yrs) situation:
10-20% accuracy on masses, form factors, etc.
- Can it get to a **few** percent for:
 - B and D systems ?
 - and J/ ψ systems ?
 - Light hadron systems ?
 - Masses, form factors, rates, etc.?

Flavor physics: CKM "now" (early 2002)



And with 2-3% theory errors:



But, would one believe these
small uncertainties?

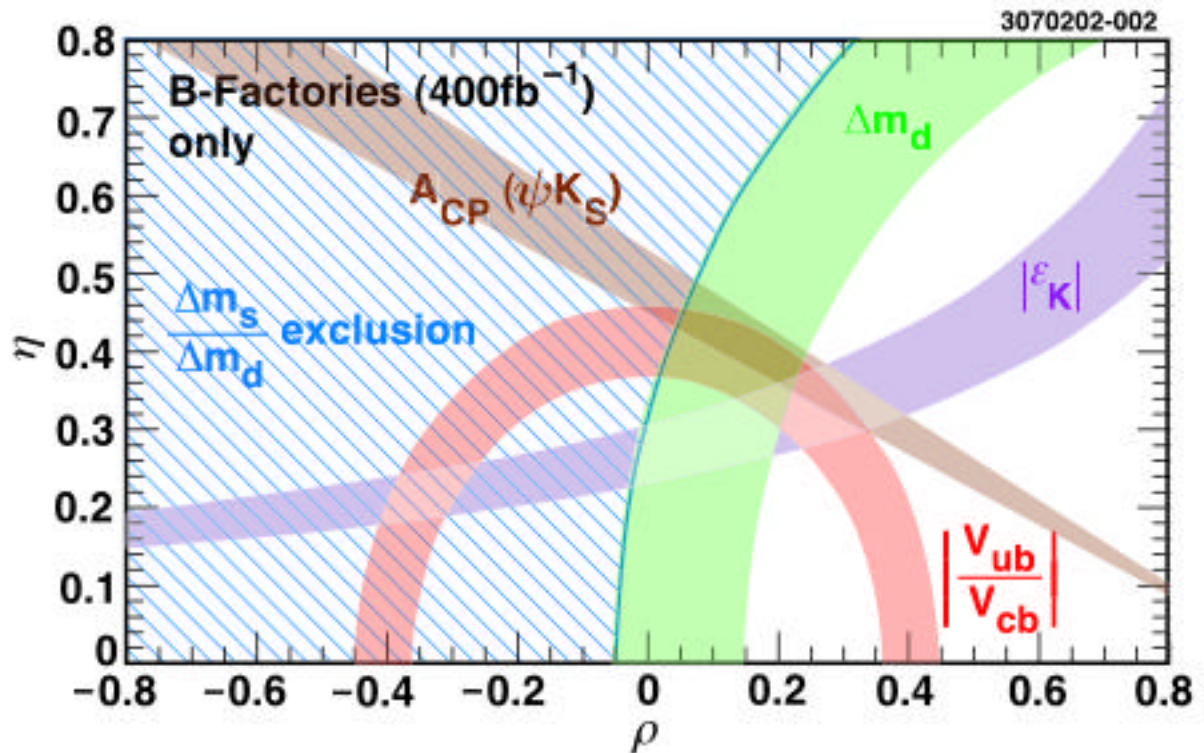
Need to show that Lattice QCD
gets the "right" answer for a
number of diverse quantities in
b- and c- physics!

That's where the CESRc/CLEOc
program fits into this picture!

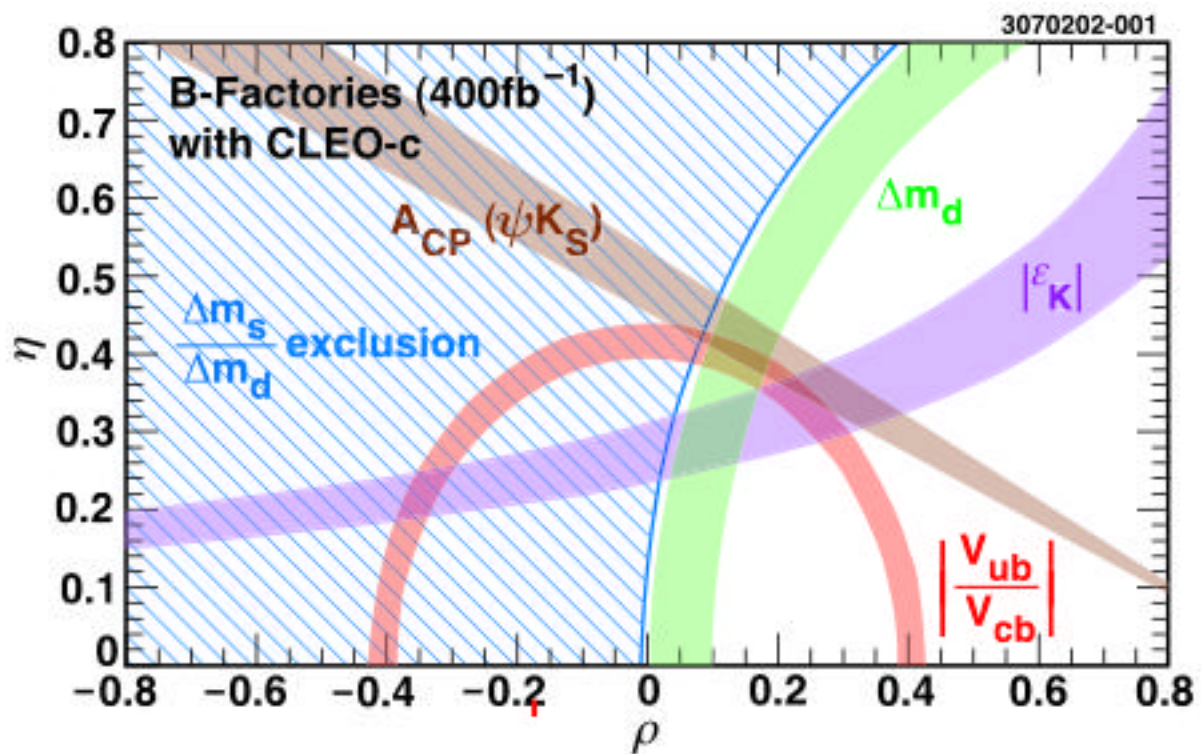
Fixed term, 3-4 year program
Precision QCD tests in b and c
Spans $3 < \sqrt{s} < 12$ GeV!

See CLNS 01/1742 ("Yellow Book") or
<http://www.lns.cornell.edu> for Project
Description

B-Factories + 10% theory errors



B-Factories + 2-3% thy err (CLEO-c):



The CLEO-c Program !

2 Prologue: Upsilon's $\sim 1\text{fb}^{-1}$ each
0 $^{\circ}(1S)$, $^{\circ}(2S)$, $^{\circ}(3S)$
0 Spectroscopy, Matrix Elements, G_{ee}
2 10-20 times existing data

In the
works

2 Act I: $\Upsilon(3770) \rightarrow 3\text{fb}^{-1}$
0 30M events, 6M *tagged* D decays
0 (310 times MARK III)
3

2 Act II: $\psi \sim 4100 \rightarrow 3\text{fb}^{-1}$
0 1.5M $D_s D_s$, 0.3M *tagged* D_s decays
0 (480 times MARK III, 130 times BES II)
4

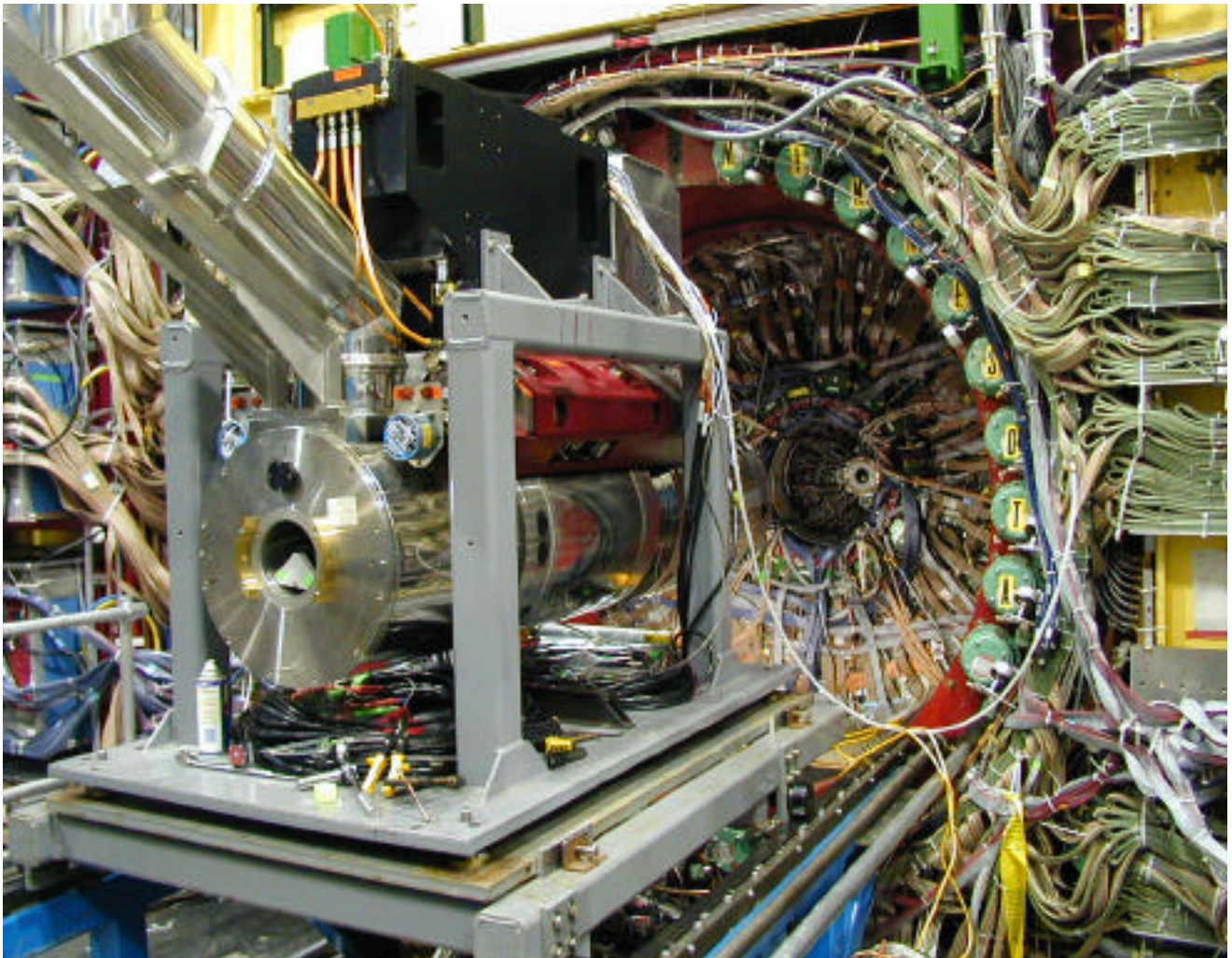
2 Act III: $\Upsilon(3100) \rightarrow 1\text{fb}^{-1}$
0 1 Billion J/y decays
0 (170 times MARK III, 20 times BES II)
5

CESR-c: QCD from c to b

CESR needs to be able to run at all beam energies from 1.5 GeV (J/y) to 6.0 GeV (L_b pair threshold).

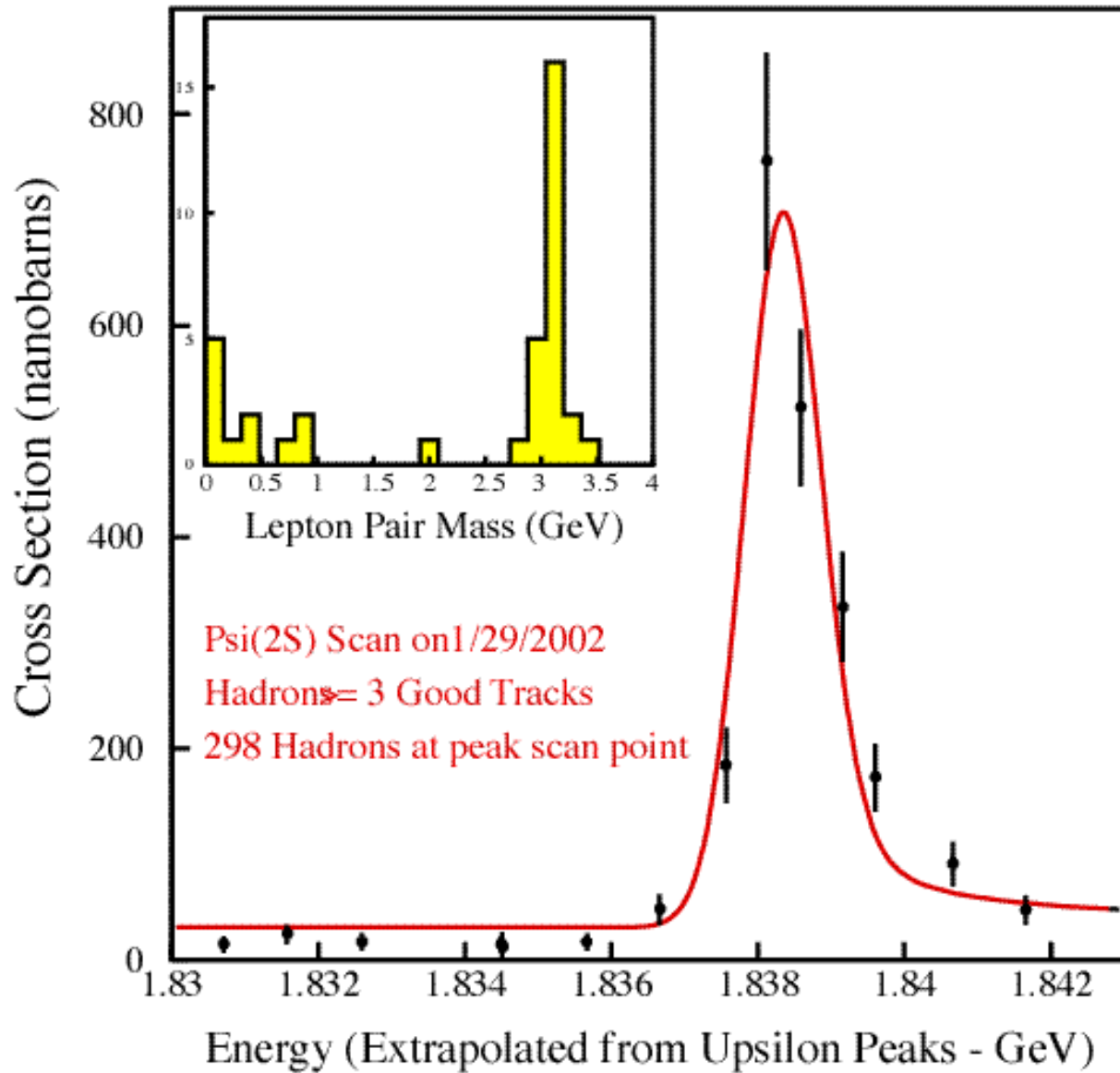
Superconducting IR magnets installed in 2001 ... multiple functions... work great!

Provide increased flexibility and focusing!



Superconducting IR Magnet Assembly Being Installed into CESR/CLEO

CESR Running **NOW** in the J/ ψ Region



Energy and cross section look great!

CESR-c: QCD from c to b

At low energies CESR needs to greatly increase the “cooling” of the beams via synchrotron radiation (SR) to “damp” oscillations, increase injection rate, lower instability thresholds!

Solution? Wigglers!

- Similar to SR insertion devices

- Needed for LC damping rings

- Superferric design at 2.1 T

- Need 14 units, each 1.4 m long

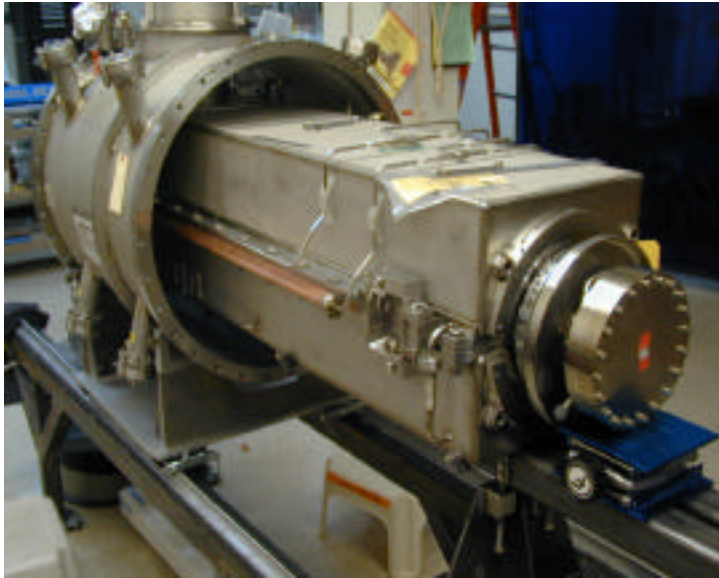
Prototype Performance?

- Run “cold” at 125% design current

- Undergoing final field quality tests

- Insertion this summer!

First Wiggler is **Ready!**



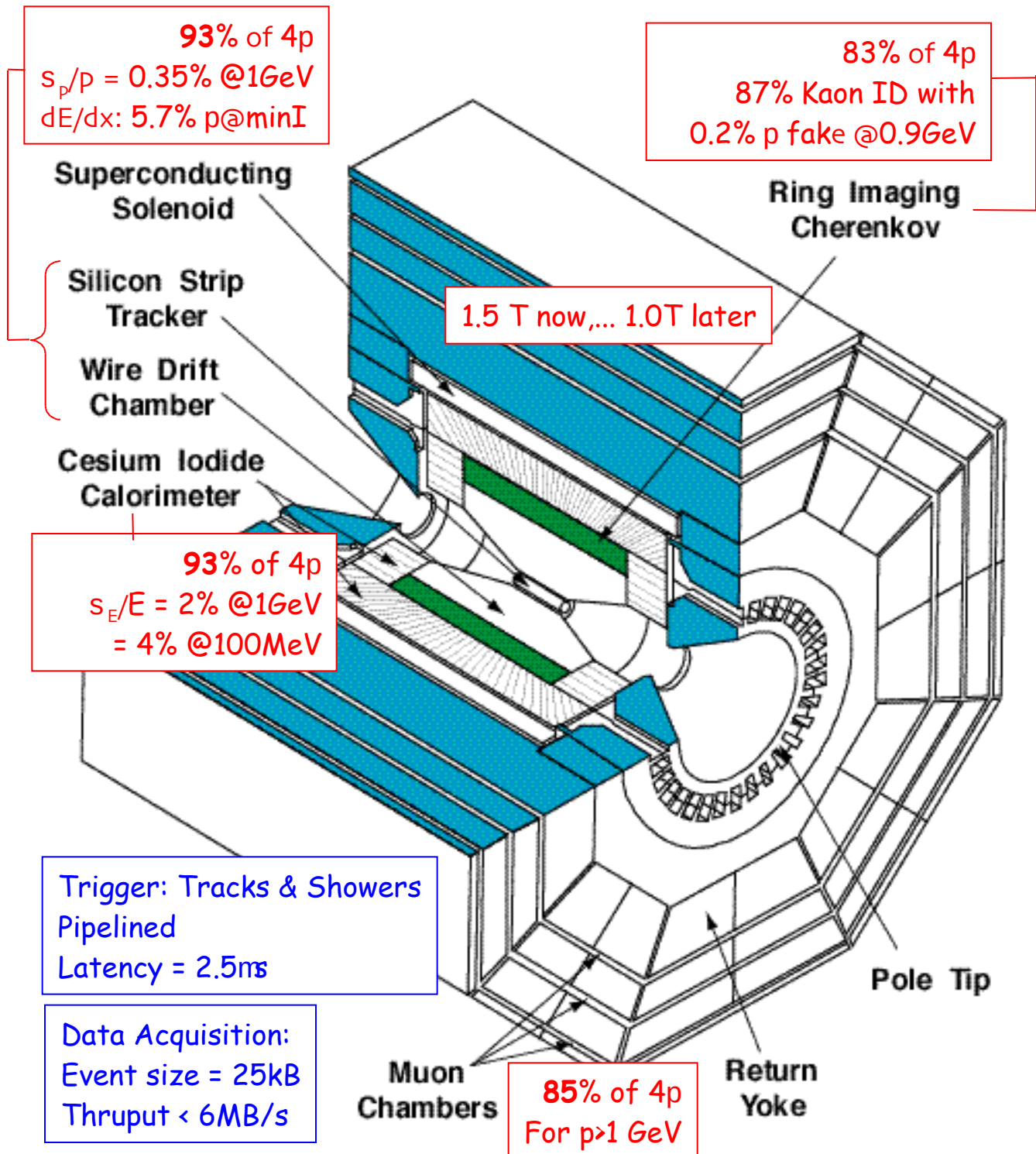
Being inserted
into final
cryostat after
initial tests!

In L-He staging
area for final
tests!



To be installed early August!
... Five more in early 2003!

The CLEO III Detector



From CLEOIII to CLEO-c

Great drift chamber!

Great EM calorimeter!

Great particle ID (RICH) !

Great trigger and DAQ!

... but aging silicon vertexer

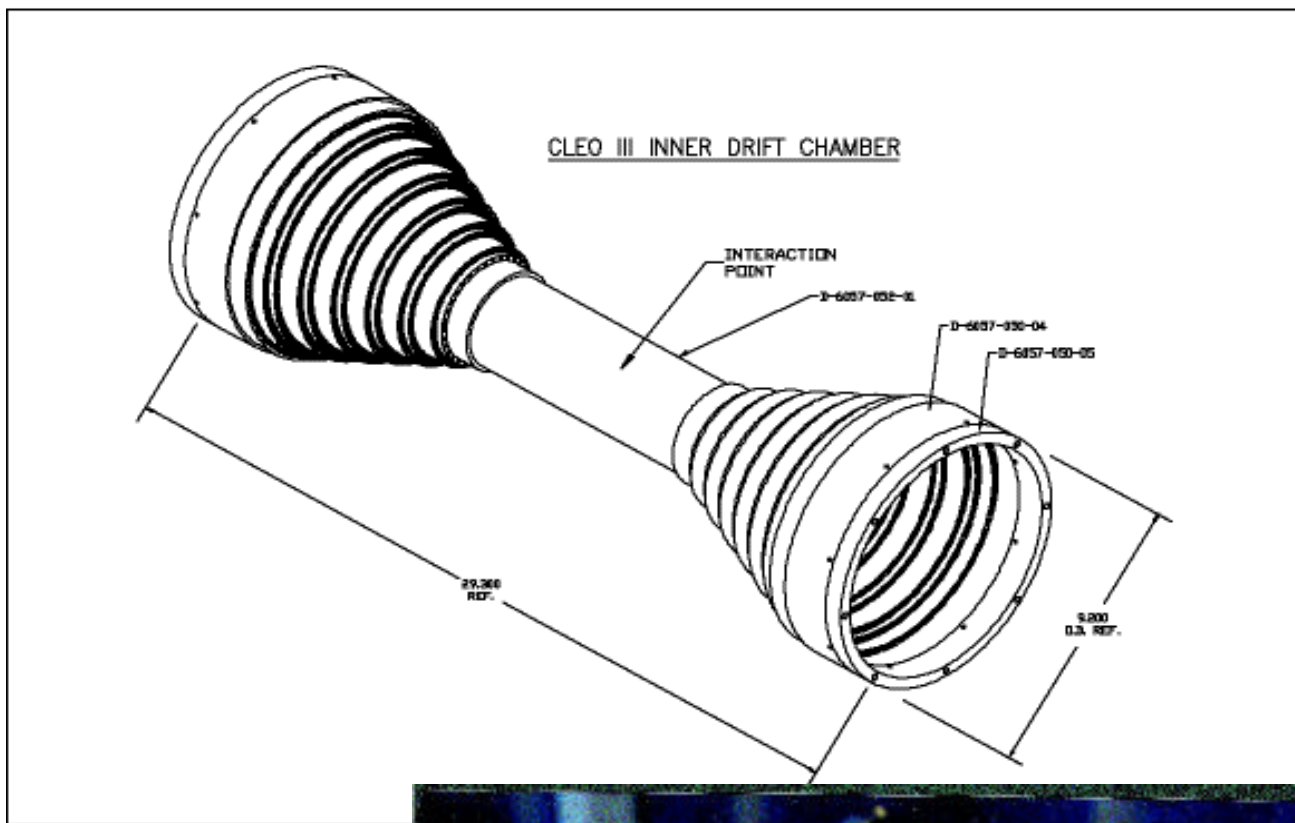
New small wire chamber!

Small cell, 6 layers, stereo

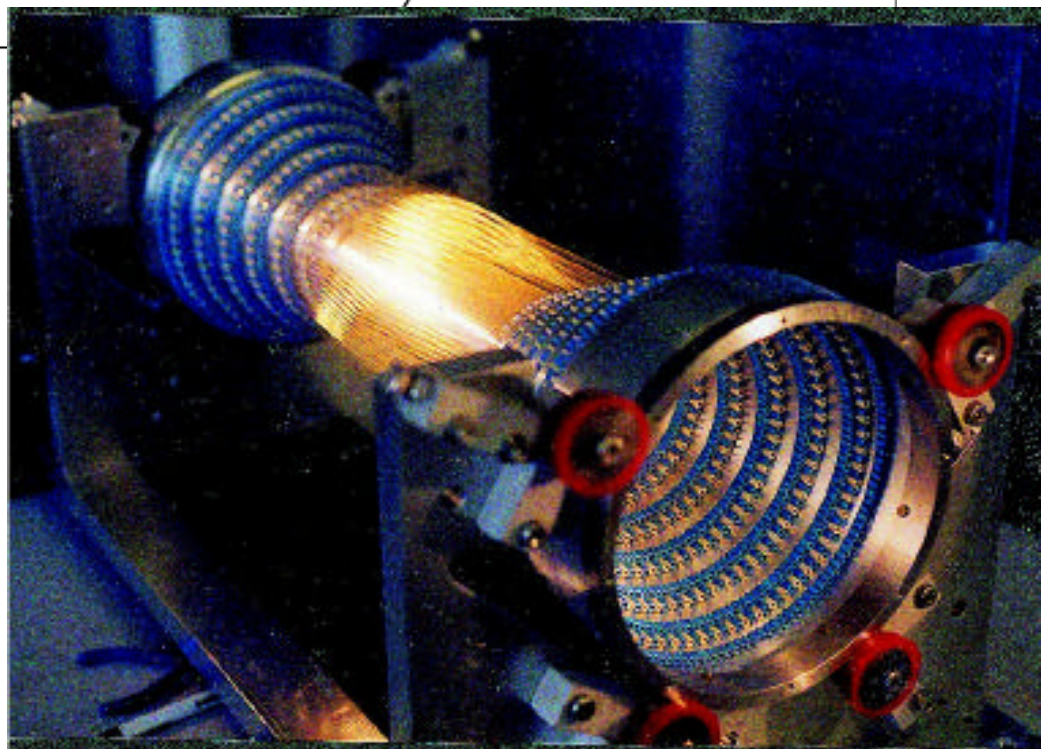
Extensive performance studies

Built ... HV tests soon

Installation: Early 2003

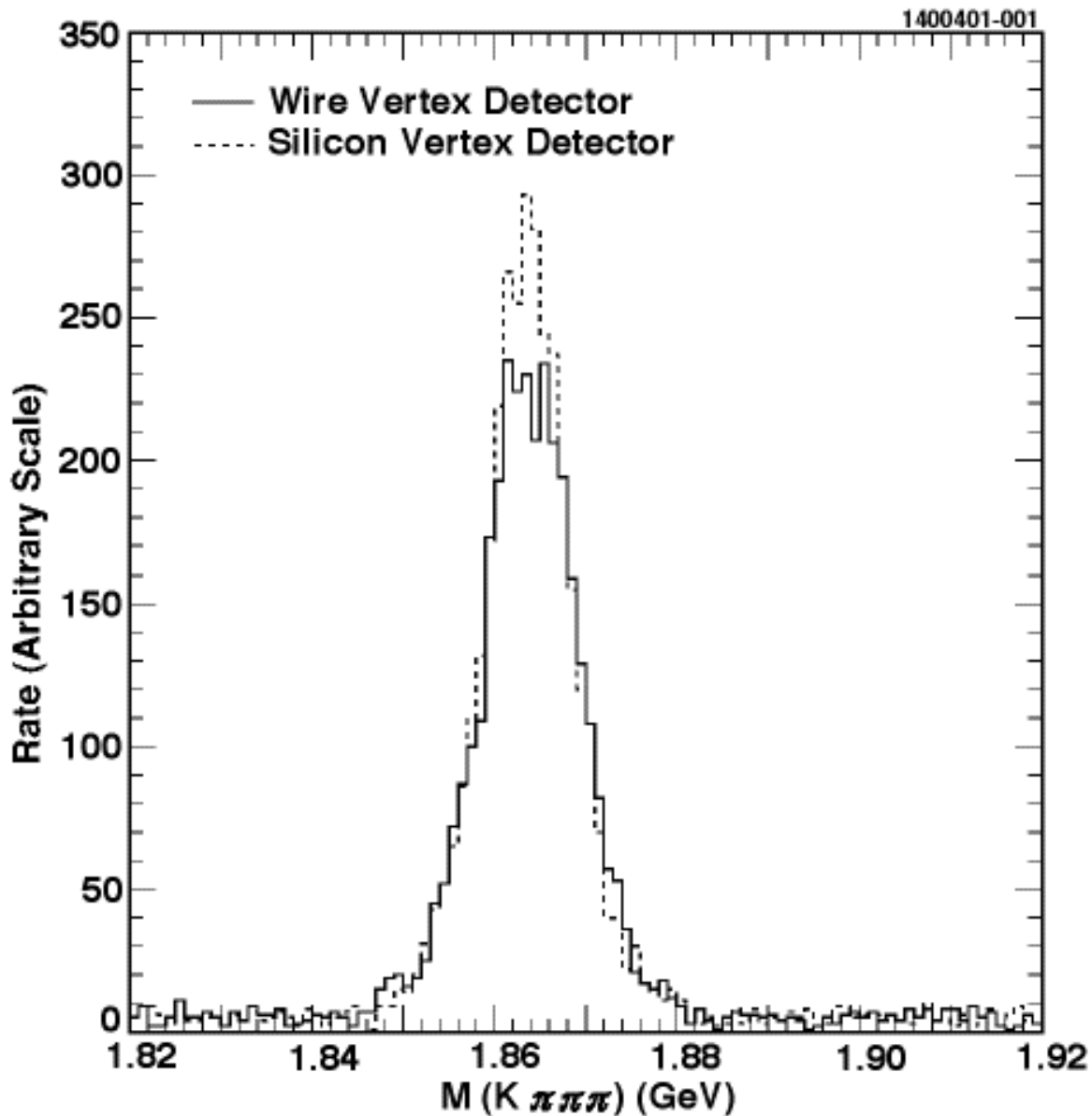


ZD!!



Strung and being tested

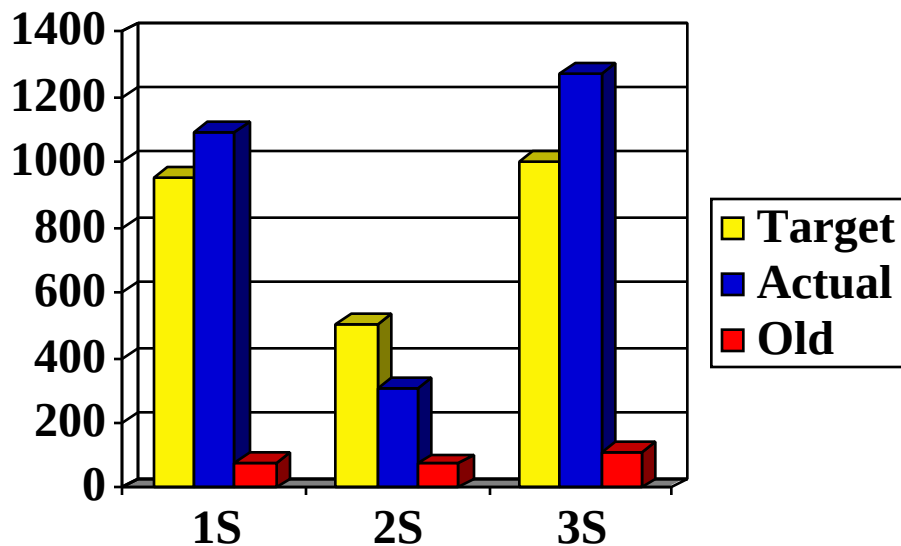
Relative Performance of New Wire Chamber



Assumes "optimistic" degradation of
silicon vertex detector

Status of Υ Running

	° (1S)	° (2S)	° (3S)
Target	950	500	1000
Actual	1090	304	1270
Old	79	74	110
Status	Taken	In Progress	Processed



All in pb^{-1} for "on-resonance"

Also have "continuum" and scan data!

Two groups of Υ analyses

"Discovery":

D-states: ($L = 2$)

h_b and h_b singlets

Rare transitions (E1, had.)

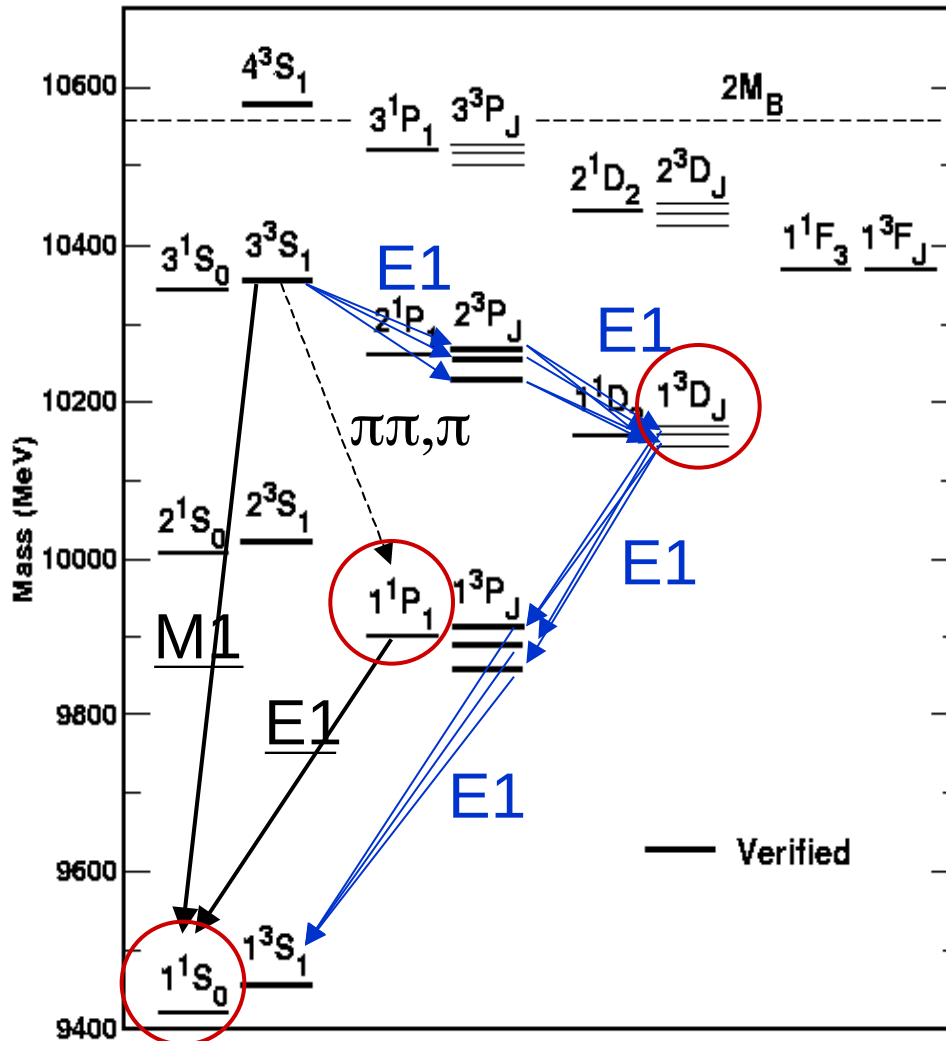
"Precision":

G_{ee}

$\mathcal{B}_{\ell\ell}$ and G_{tot}

hadronic transitions

Υ Discovery Potential

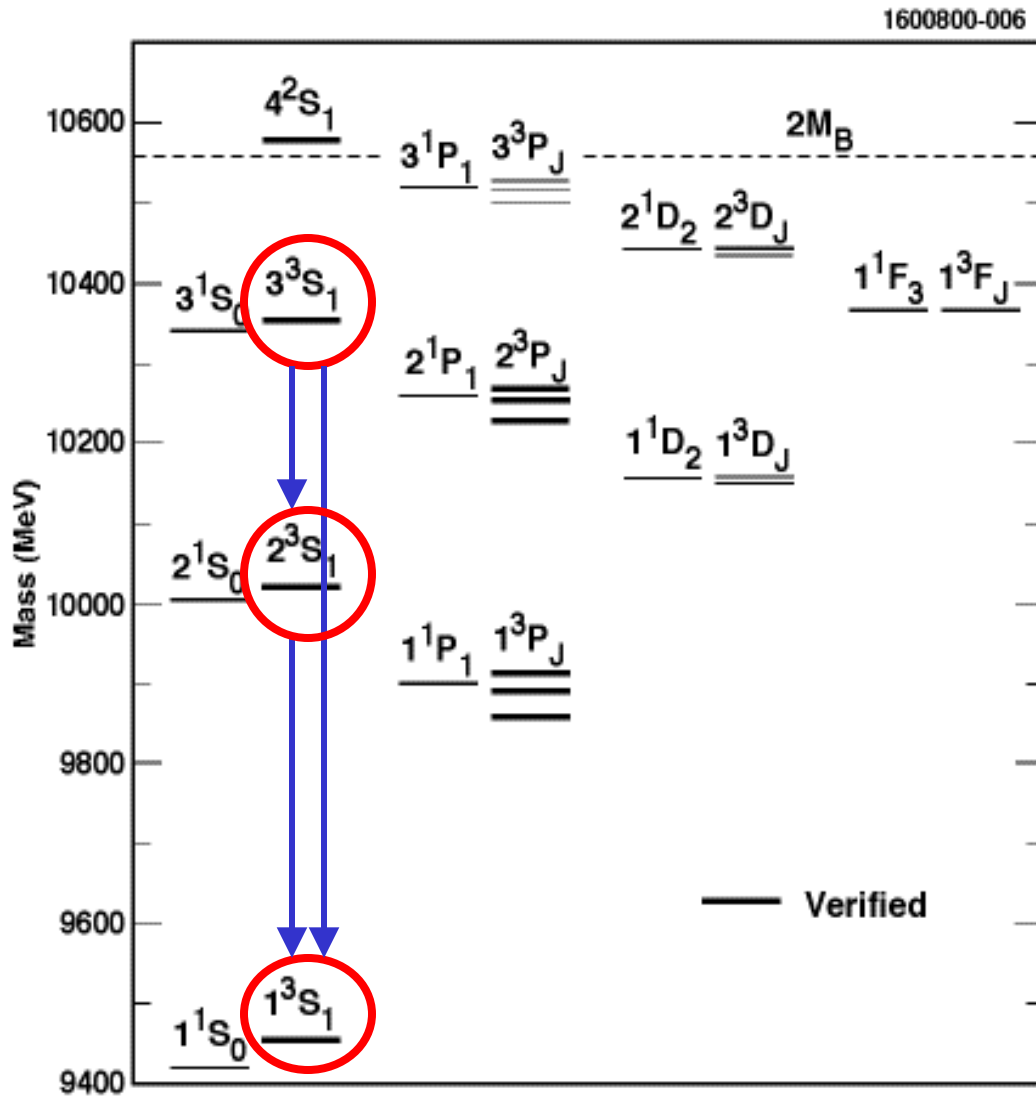


D-states

Singlets η_b and h_b

Rare transitions (h , E1)

Precision Υ Analyses

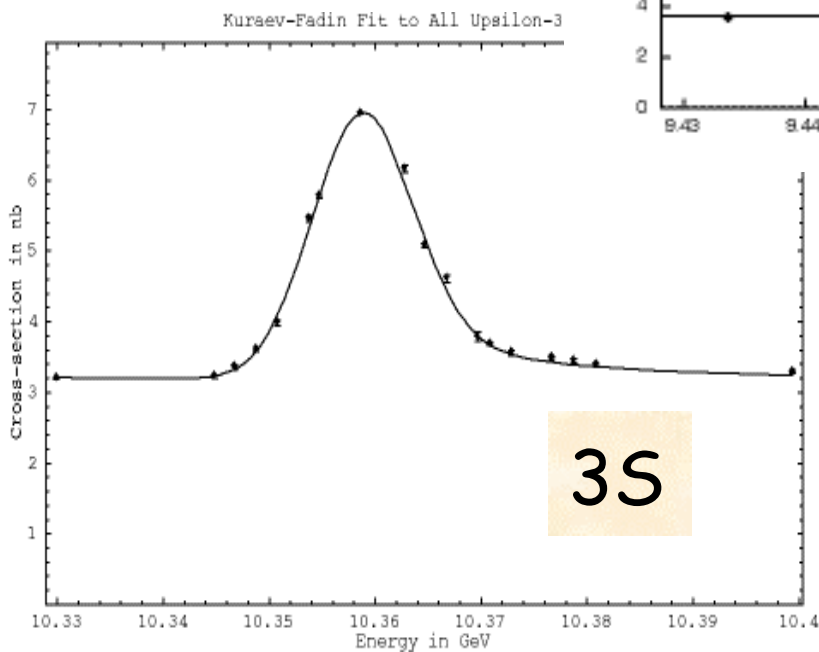
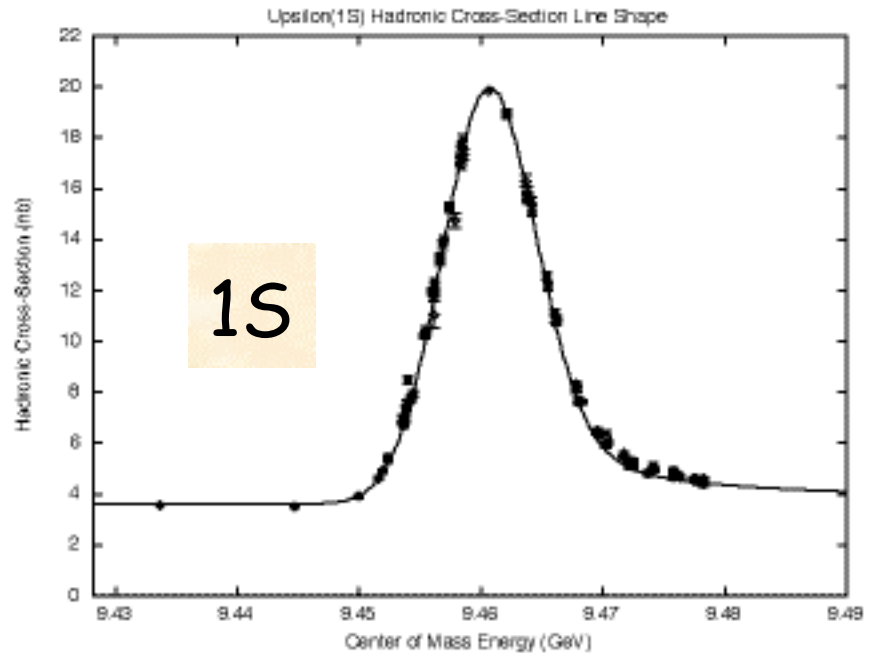


G_{ee} to 2-3% each (better for ratios)

$\mathcal{B}_{\mu\mu}$ to 3-4% each; G_{tot} to 5%

Vastly improved pp studies

Υ Scans of the Lineshape



“Raw” data
shown

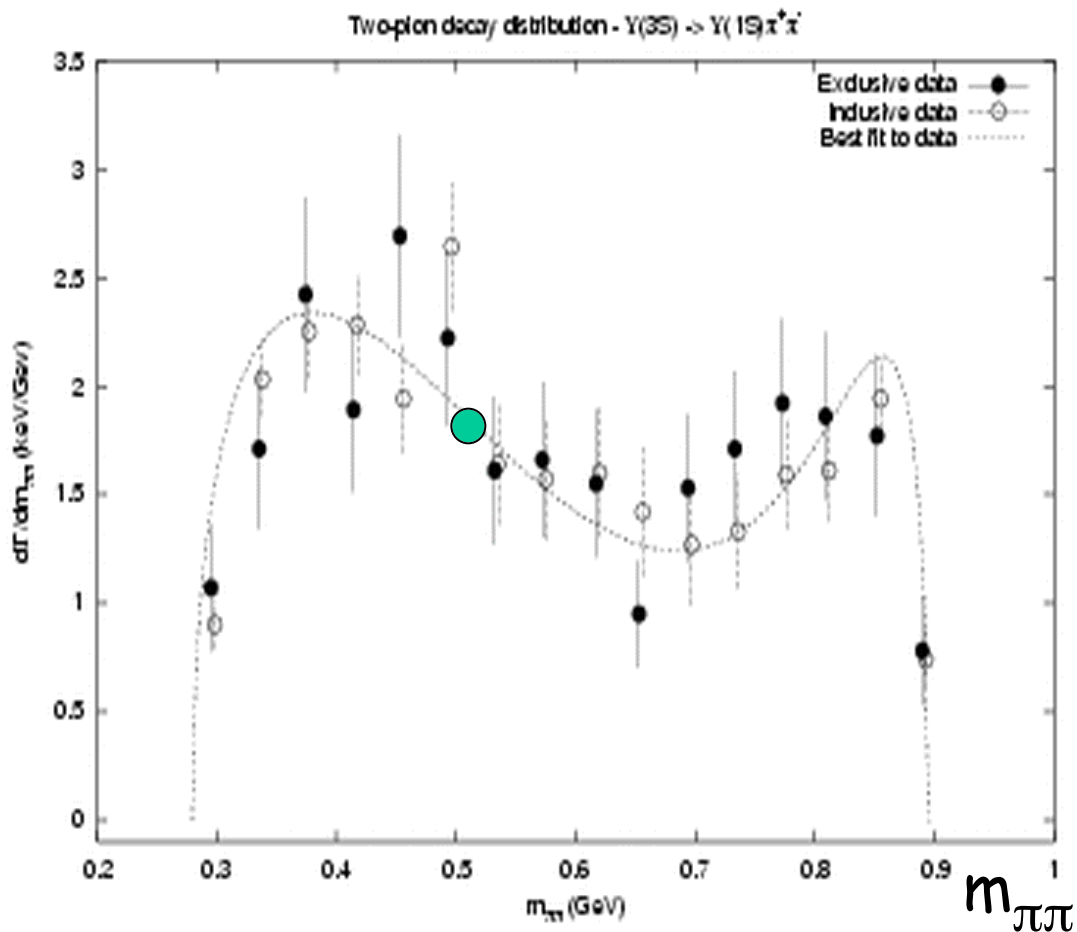
Integrated to give G_{ee}

Great attention paid to syst biases

Also determine $\mathcal{B}_{mm}$ and then G_{tot}

DiPion Invariant Mass

$$^{\circ}(3S) \rightarrow ^{\circ}(1S) p^{+} p^{-}$$



Data with errors - CLEOII

Fit - Lahde and Riska

New CLEO statistics: ●

Charmed Hadrons in CLEO-c

Data samples:

y (3770): 3 fb^{-1} (1 “year”)
30M events
 $\sim 6\text{M}$ *tagged* D decays

$D_s D_s$: 3 fb^{-1} (1 “year”)
1-2M $D_s D_s$
0.3M *tagged* D_s decays

Analyses (a sampler):

“Tagging” of D and D_s

Double Tags (Branching Fractions)

Leptonic Decays (f_D and f_{D_s})

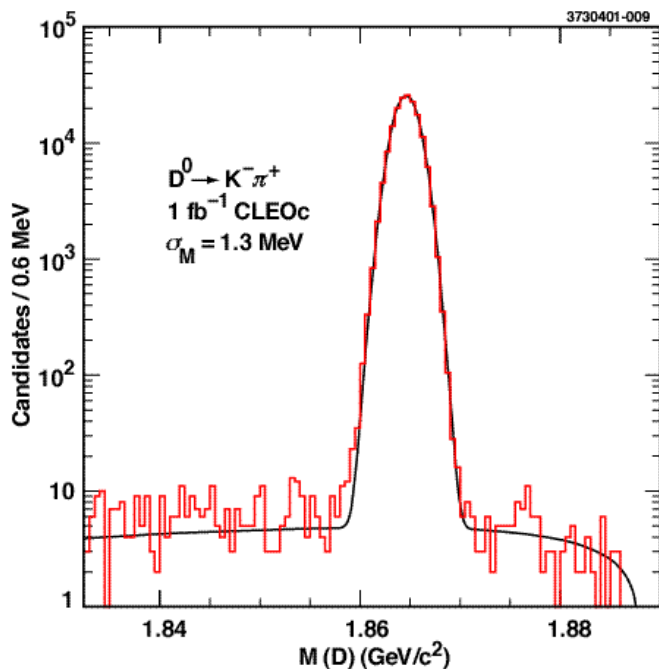
Semi-leptonic Decays (f_+/f_D)

Tagging Technology

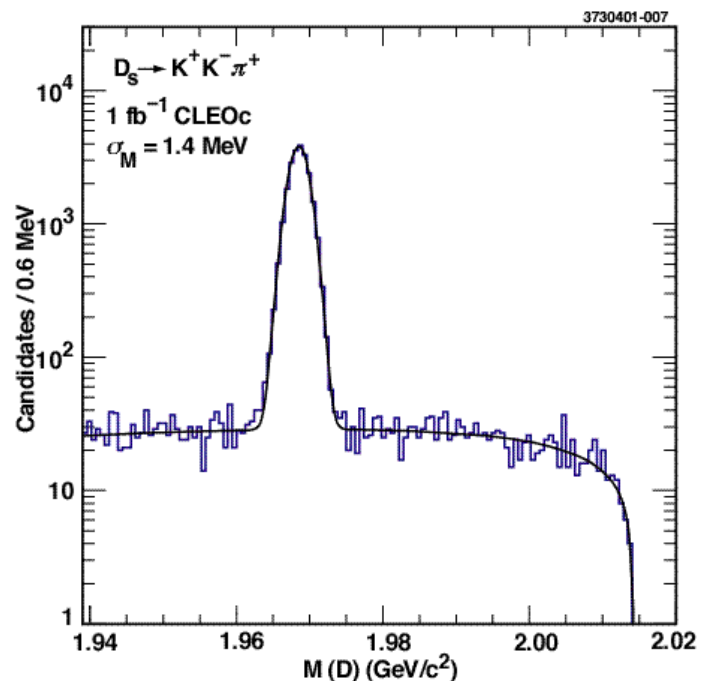
- Pure $D\bar{D}$ or $D_s\bar{D}_s$ production
 - ✓ Many large branching ratios ($\sim 1-10\%$)
 - ✓ High reconstruction efficiencies
 - ✓ Two chances !

$\mathcal{A}E$ high net efficiency $\sim 20\%$!

$D\mathcal{A}EKp$; $S/B \sim 5000$

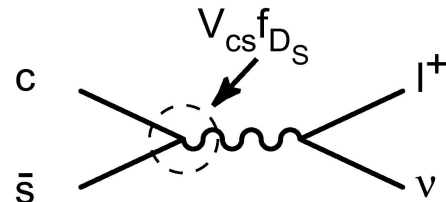


$D_s\mathcal{A}EKKp$; $S/B \sim 100$



Beam Constrained Mass

$$D_S \rightarrow \mu \nu$$



CLEO (4.8 fb^{-1}):
 $f_{D_S} = 280 \pm 14 \pm 25 \pm 18$
 stat/syst/fp

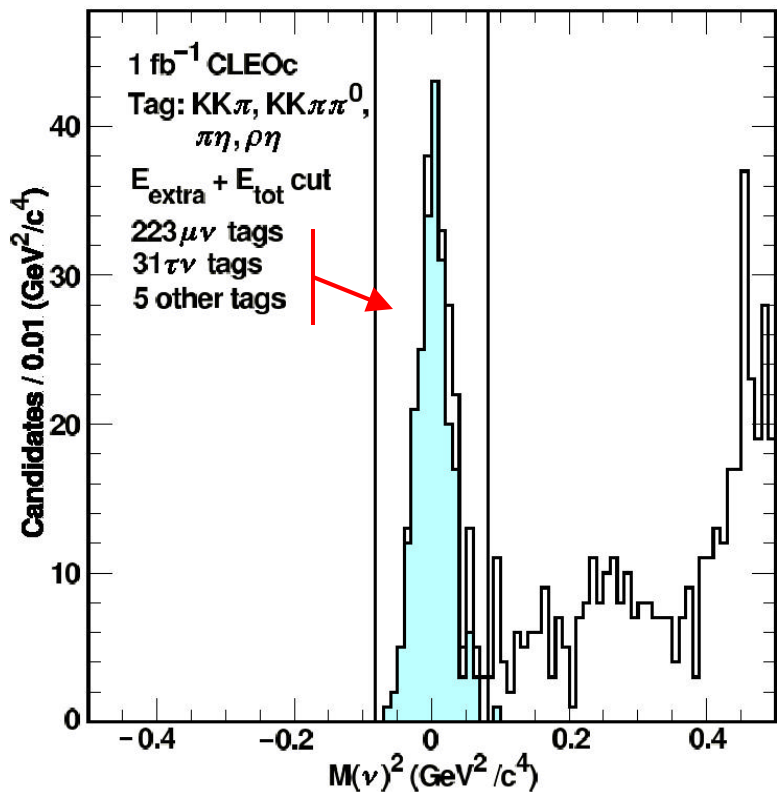
partial width:

BaBar/Belle: (400 fb^{-1}):
 $d f_{D_S} / f_{D_S}$: 4-8%

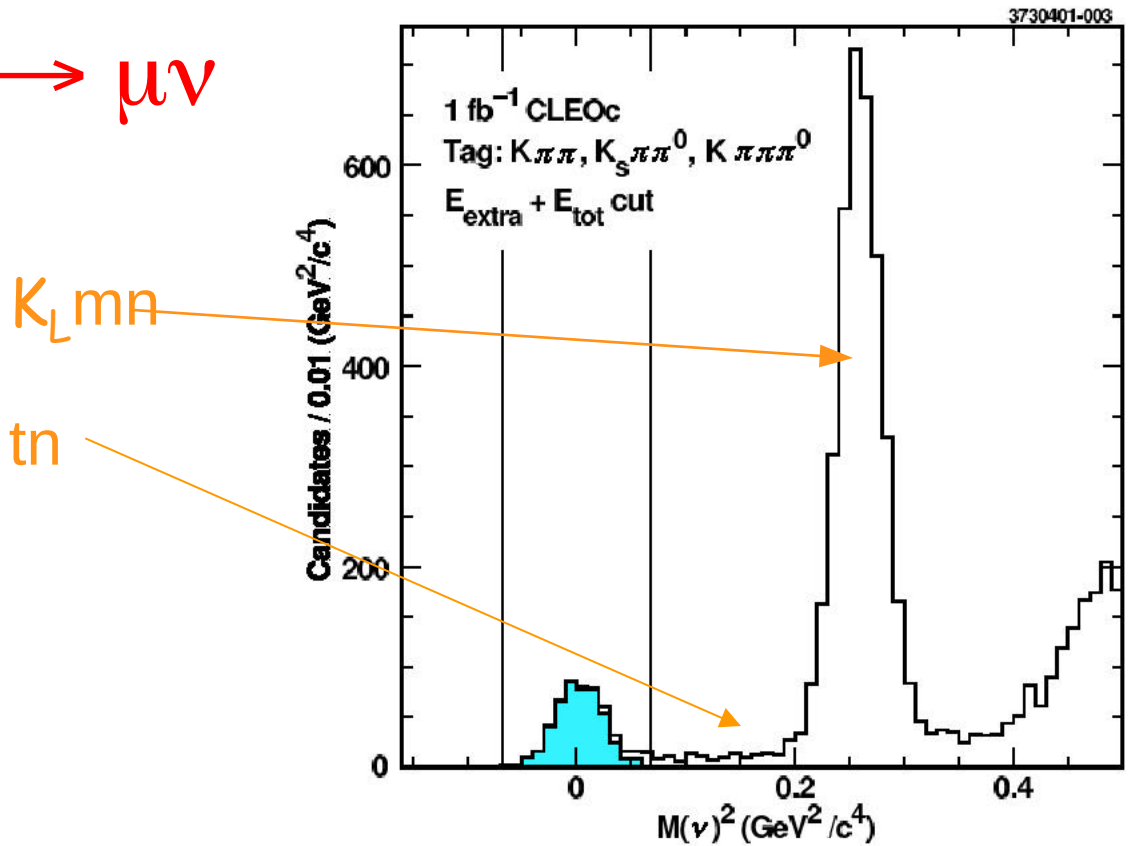
$$\frac{G_F^2}{8\pi} M_{D_S} m_\mu^2 \left(1 - \frac{m_\mu^2}{M_{D_S}^2}\right) f_{D_S}^2 |V_{cs}|^2$$

3 fb^{-1} : ~ 900 events
 • 10 Tag Modes
 • Minimal Selection Criteria
 • NO mPID

$d(Vf_{D_S}) / (Vf_{D_S})$:
 $(2.0 \pm 0.25 \pm 1.0)\%$
 Stat /syst/ lifetime



$D^+ \rightarrow \mu \nu$



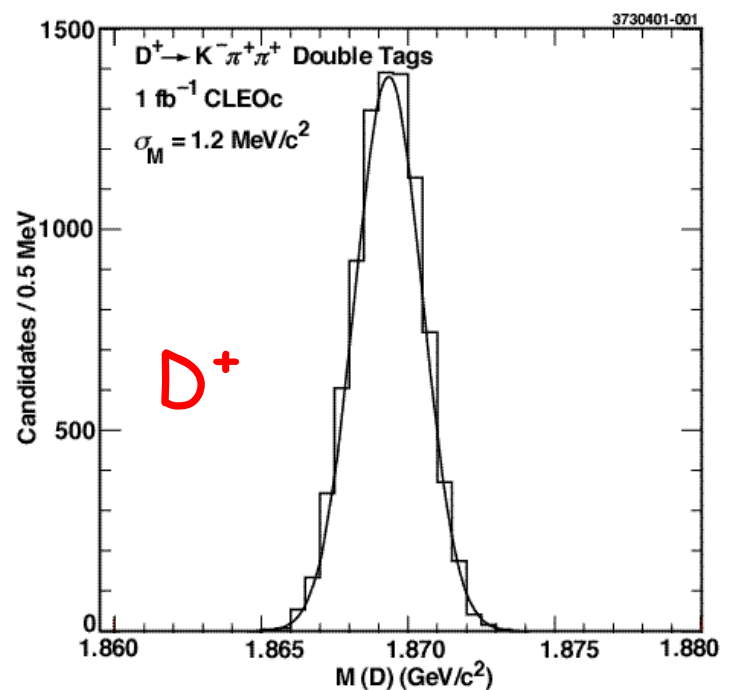
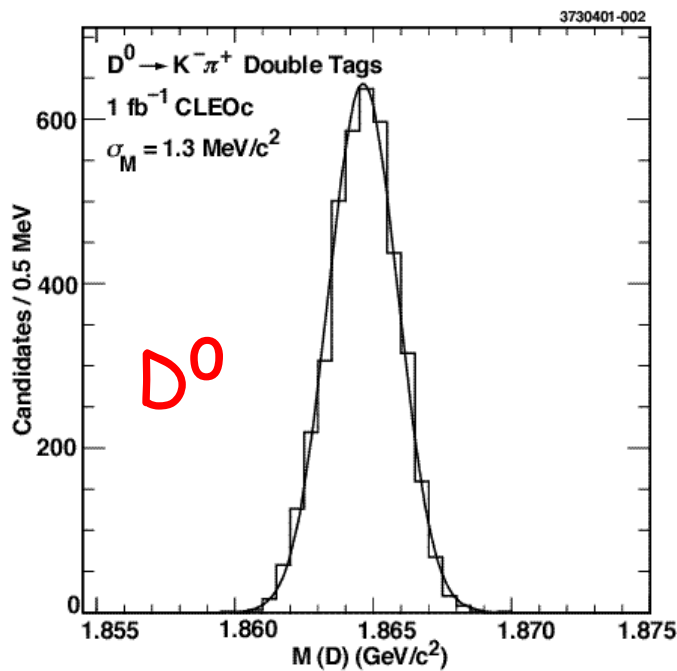
CLEO-c: 3 fb⁻¹ on γ (3770)

- Yield: ~ 900 events
- S:B $\sim 9:1$ (dominated by $t n$) -

$$df_D |V_{cd}| / f_D |V_{cd}| \sim (2.0 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.6)\%$$

- CLEO studies: B factory $> \sim 7\%$

Double-Tagged $\mathcal{B}$ Measurements



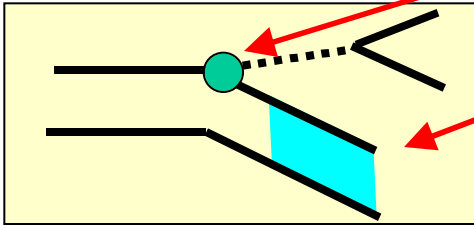
~ No background in hadronic modes

Set absolute scale for all heavy quark meas.

Mode	PDG2000 (d $\mathcal{B}/\mathcal{B}$)%	CLEOc (d $\mathcal{B}/\mathcal{B}$)%
$D^0 \rightarrow Kp$	2.4	0.5
$D^+ \rightarrow Kpp$	7.2	1.5
$D_s \rightarrow f p$	25	1.9

Semileptonic Decays

$$\text{Rate} \propto |V_{cj}|^2 |f(q^2)|^2$$



Low backgrounds and high rates

Decay Mode	PDG2000 ($d\mathcal{B}/\mathcal{B}$) %	CLEOc ($d\mathcal{B}/\mathcal{B}$) %
$D^0 \rightarrow K \ell \nu$	5	2
$D^0 \rightarrow \pi \ell \nu$	16	2
$D^+ \rightarrow \pi \ell \nu$	48	2
$D_s \rightarrow f \ell \nu$	25	3

Plus other vector modes...

V_{cd} and V_{cs} to $\sim 1.5\%$

Form factor slopes (a) to few per cent to check theory!

Further Testing LQCD

$$G(D \bar{A} e \mu \ell n) / G(D^+ \bar{A} e \ell n)$$

Independent of $|V_{cd}|$

Semileptonic:

use e and μ

use D^0 and D^+ - tradeoffs

Leptonic: use m and t

$$G(D_S \bar{A} j \ell n) / G(D_S \bar{A} \ell n)$$

Incl $\mathcal{B}(j \bar{A} K^+ K^-)$ uncertainty

Test **rate** predictions to **3.5-4%**

Test **amplitudes** at **1.5-2%**

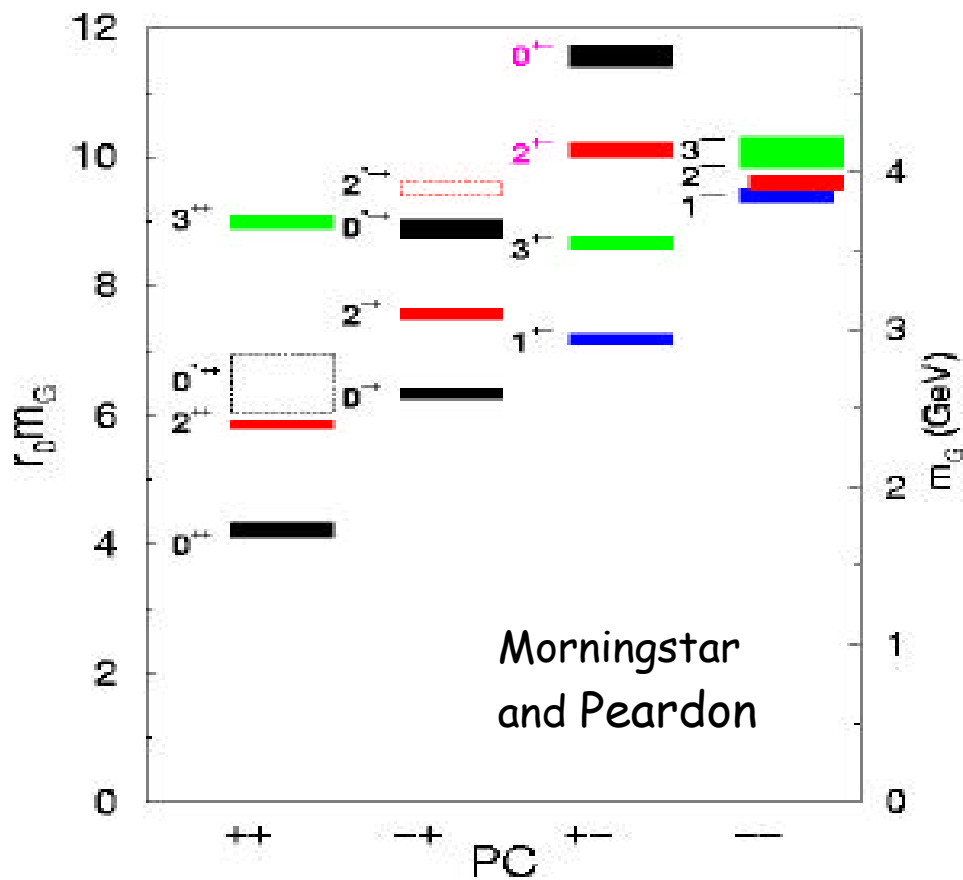
J/ψ Radiative Decays

Glue-rich environment

Look for $|gg\rangle$ states - glueballs!

new form of matter

"required" by QCD



A Billion J/ψ Events

Present data systematic issues

hadronic backgrounds in radiative decays

hermticity

Need LARGE statistics ($>$ BES/BEPC)

Need multi-faceted approach

two-photon production

Υ radiative decays

J/ψ radiative decays

Need mature, high quality detector

(CLEOIII !!!)

Tensor Glueball Candidate $f_J(2220)$

Expect to see in $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma f_J$

glue-rich environment

predicted to be narrow (~ 20 MeV)

large radiative f_2 and f_4 modes

Exclusive studies

essentially no hadronic background!

extremely clean signatures

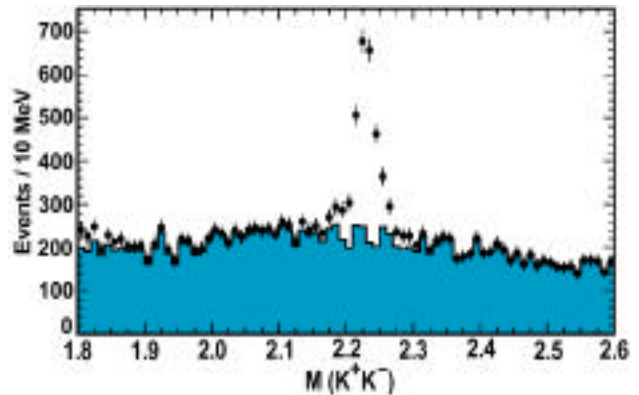
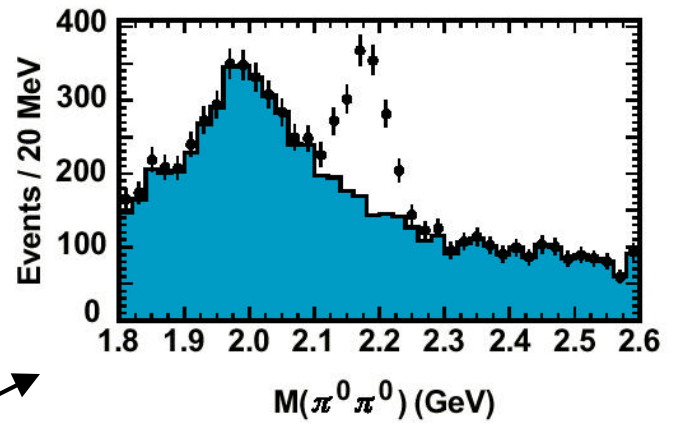
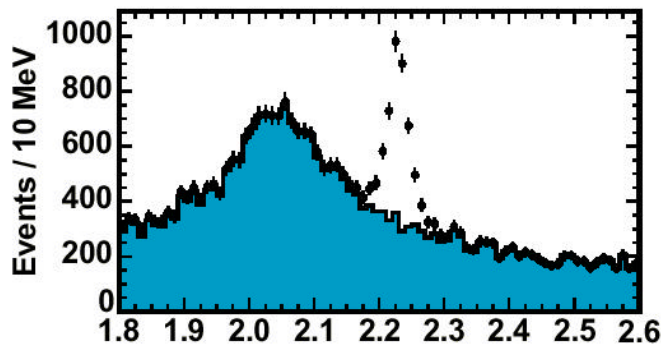
large statistics

Complementary **in**clusive studies

Complementary anti-search in **gg**

Complementary search in π^0 decays

Ex: $f_J \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-, \pi^0\pi^0, K^+K^-$



170M events

All known bckgds

	BES	CLEO-c
p^+p^-	74	32000
p^0p^0	18	13000
K^+K^-	46	18600
$K_S K_S$	23	5300
pp	32	8500
hh	—	5000

BES (publ.)

CLEO-c (10^9 proj.)

Supernumerary f_0 Triplet

Observe $f_0(1370, 1500, 1710)$

Composed of $|nn\rangle$, $|ss\rangle$, and $|gg\rangle$

Many approaches needed!

exclusive and inclusive decays

PWA - J^{PC} known - hermeticity

gg partial widths

A Billion?!?

Branching fractions $\sim 10^{-3} - 10^{-4}$

Need $\sim 10^6$ per channel for PWA

Samples of 10^7 insufficient

Comparison with Other Expts

China:

BES II is running now.

BES II --> BES III upgrade

BEPC I --> BEPC II upgrade, $\sim 10^{33}$ lumi

} being proposed

Physics after 2005 if approval & construction go ahead.

Quantity	BES II	CLEO-C
J/psi yield	50M	> 1000M
dE/dx res.	9%	4.9%
K/pi separation up to	600 MeV	1500 MeV
momentum res. (500Mev)	1.3%	0.5%
Photon resolution (100 Mev)	70 MeV	4 MeV
Photon resolution (1000 Mev)	220 MeV	21 MeV
Minimum Photon Energy	80 MeV	30 MeV
Solid angle for Tracking	80%	94%
Solid angle for Photons	75%	95%

HALL-D at TJNAL:

go to produce states with exotic Quantum Numbers

Focus on light states with $J^{PC} = 0^{+-}, 1^{+-}, \dots$

Complementary to CLEO-C focus on heavy states with $J^{PC}=0^{++}, 2^{++}, \dots$

Physics in 2007+ ?

Other Possible Physics Topics

Taus:

m_τ from threshold scan

h parameter in $t \rightarrow e m \bar{n}$

Systematically dominated modes

R-scans:

Scan 5-8 GeV: X-ball/MkI

Basic Scan of 3.7-6 GeV

Advanced Scan: $D/D^*/D_s$

$\psi'(3686)$:

Gateway to many states

P-V puzzle

Study of J/ψ systematics

Thoughts to take away ...

The **CLEO** collaboration at **CESR** is embarking on a mission to determine a large number of measurements important to QCD with unprecedented precision.

It is a challenge to the theoretical community for predictions of similar precision to enhance our understanding of both **strong** and **EW** physics.

We at CLEO welcome **your** ideas and collaboration in maximizing the impact of the **CLEO-c** program.