

# CLEO $\Upsilon(1S)$ , $\Upsilon(2S)$ , and $\Upsilon(3S)$ Results

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**CLEO Collaboration**

- 1st Observation of  $\Upsilon(1D)$  States
- $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_b$  Search
- $\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \eta' X$  Production
- Summary

# Observation of $\Upsilon(1D)$ States

- $bb$  states: ideal lab for LQCD + Strong interaction Effective Thy's

- Symmetric  $e^+ e^-$  collider @  $\sqrt{s} = \Upsilon(3S)$

- $\int Ldt = 1.1 \text{ fb}^{-1} \Rightarrow 4.7 \times 10^6 \text{ } \Upsilon(3S) \text{ events}$

- CLEO-III detector: CsI calorimeter key

- Selection scheme:

$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{cb}(2P_J)$

$\downarrow \gamma \Upsilon(1D)$

$\downarrow \gamma \chi_{cb}(1P_J)$

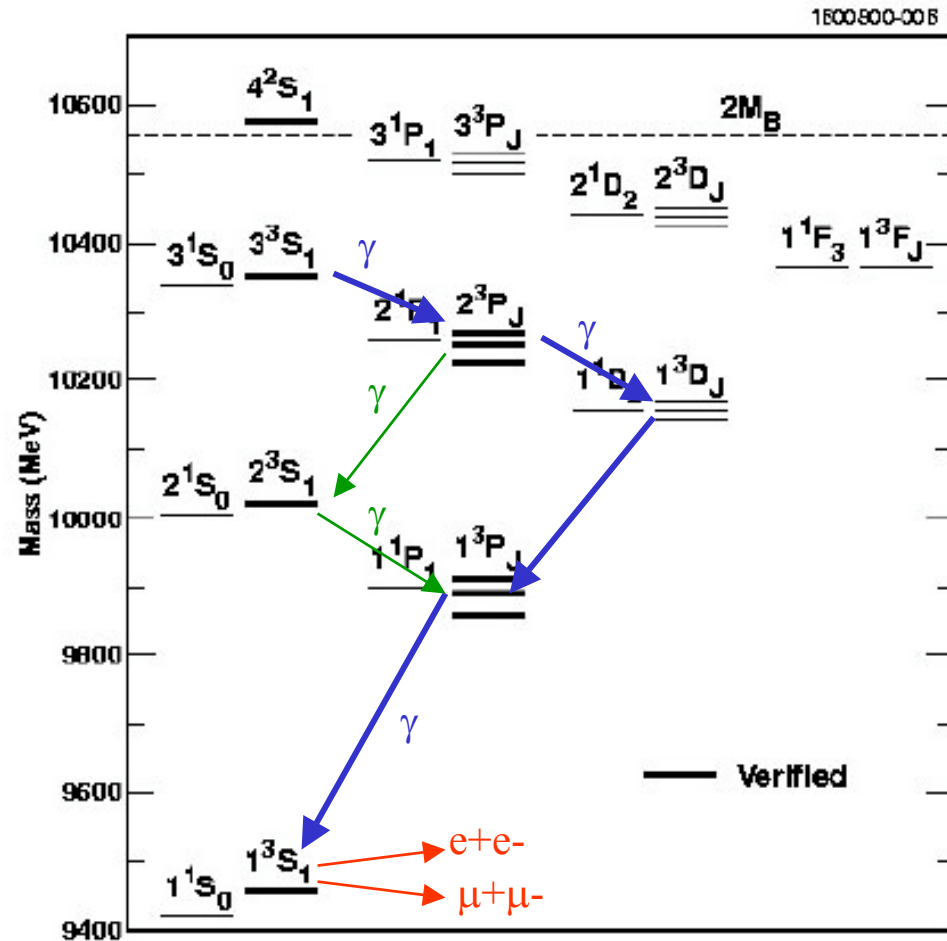
$\downarrow \gamma \Upsilon(1S)$

$\downarrow ee, \mu\mu$

- Theory: O'all  $Br = 3.8 \times 10^{-5}$

S. Godfrey + J. Rosner, PRD64, (2001) 097501

W. Kwong + J. Rosner, PRD 38, (1988) 279



# Observation of $\Upsilon(1D)$ States

$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \Upsilon(1S)$       Dominant BKG  
 $\gamma\gamma \gamma\gamma l^+ l^-$       Check of Technique

## Key Analysis Variables

$\chi^2_{\pi^0 \pi^0}$  built from both  $\gamma$ -pairs

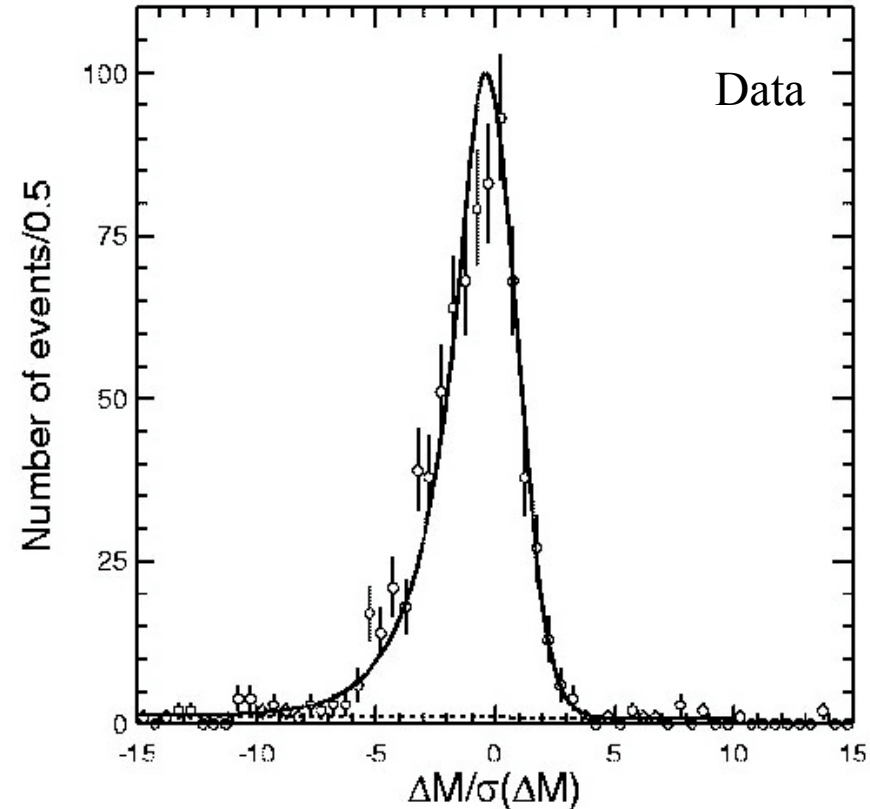
$\Delta M = M(\text{recoil } 4\gamma) - M_{\Upsilon(1S)}$

Fit  $\Delta M/\sigma(\Delta M)$  w/ MC shape

Yield ( $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\gamma\gamma l^+ l^-$ ):  $737 \pm 28$

$\varepsilon(\text{MC}) = 13.6\%$

$Br(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \Upsilon(1S)) * Br(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow l^+ l^-)$   
 $= (5.67 \pm 0.22 \pm 0.25) \times 10^{-4}$



**Preliminary**

$Br(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \Upsilon(1S)) = (2.33 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.16)\%$   
v. CLEOII ( $2.03 \pm 0.28 \pm 0.19$ )%  
CUSB ( $2.3 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.3$ )%

# $\Upsilon(1D)$ cascade selection

$$\chi^2 ( M_{\Upsilon(1D)}, J_{2P}, J_{1P} )$$

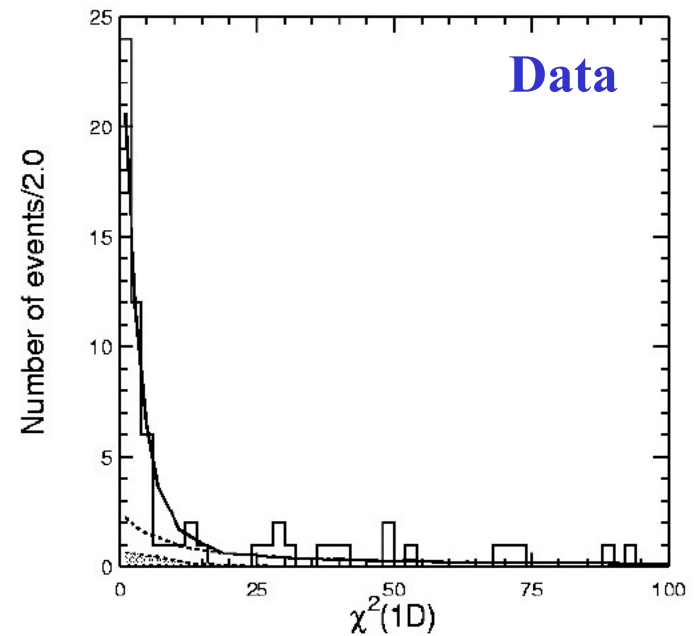
$\chi^2_{\pi^0\pi^0}$  rejects  $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0 \Upsilon(1S)$

$\chi^2_{2S}$  rejects  $\Upsilon(2S)$  cascades

$\gamma\gamma \gamma\gamma l^+l^-$  final state:

$\Upsilon(1D)$  yield =  $40.7 \pm 6.8$  evts ( $9.7\sigma$ )

BKG: 9.5 - 14 % ( $\chi^2_{1D} < 10$ )



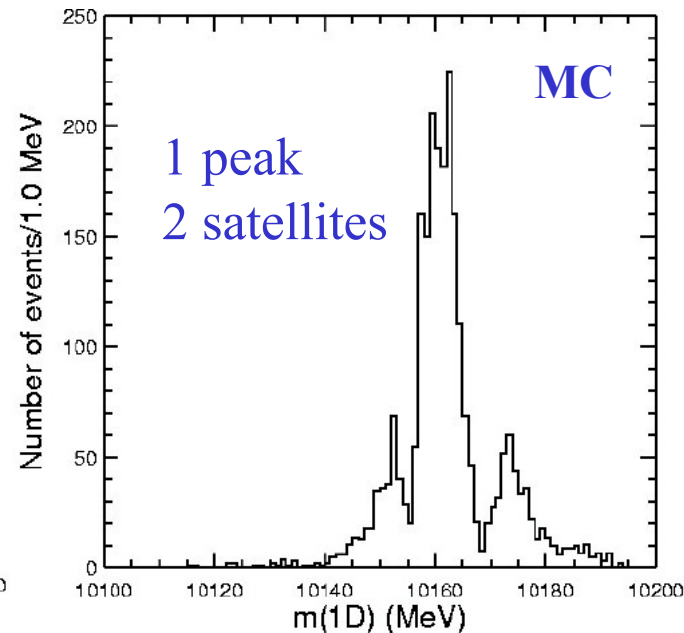
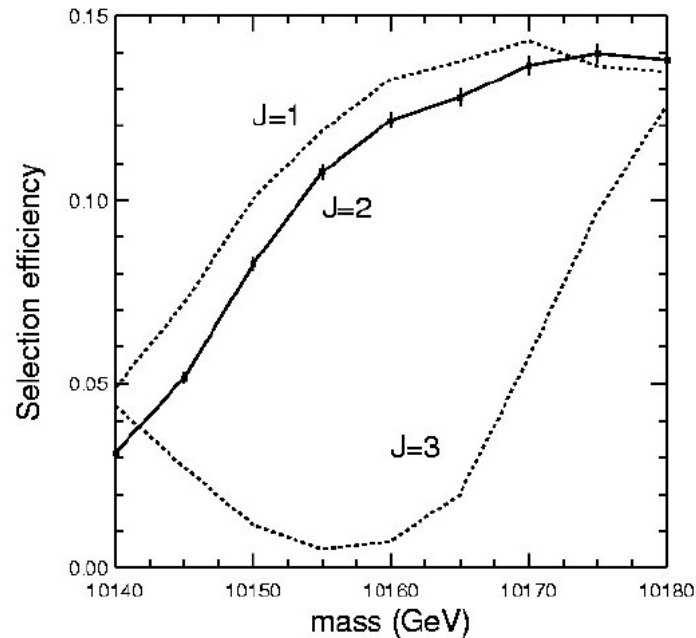
$\Upsilon(1D)$  cascade signal =  $F( M_{\Upsilon(1D)}, J_{1D} )$

$$\text{Br} ( J=1 ) = 0.4 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$\text{Br} ( J=3 ) = 0.8 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$\text{Br} ( J=2 ) = 2.6 \times 10^{-5}$$

[S. Godfrey + J.L. Rosner,  
PRD64 (2001) 097501]



## 2-Peak Fit

- $M_{\text{low}} = 10161.2 \pm 0.7 \text{ MeV}$   
 $N = 27.8^{+6.8}_{-6.0} \text{ events}$
- $M_{\text{high}} = 10174.2 \pm 1.3 \text{ MeV}$   
 $N = 12.0^{+5.3}_{-4.6} \text{ events}$
- 58% C.L.

## 1-Peak Fit

- $M_{\text{low}} = 10162.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ MeV}$   
 $N = 38.6^{+6.8}_{-6.2} \text{ events}$
- 43% C.L.

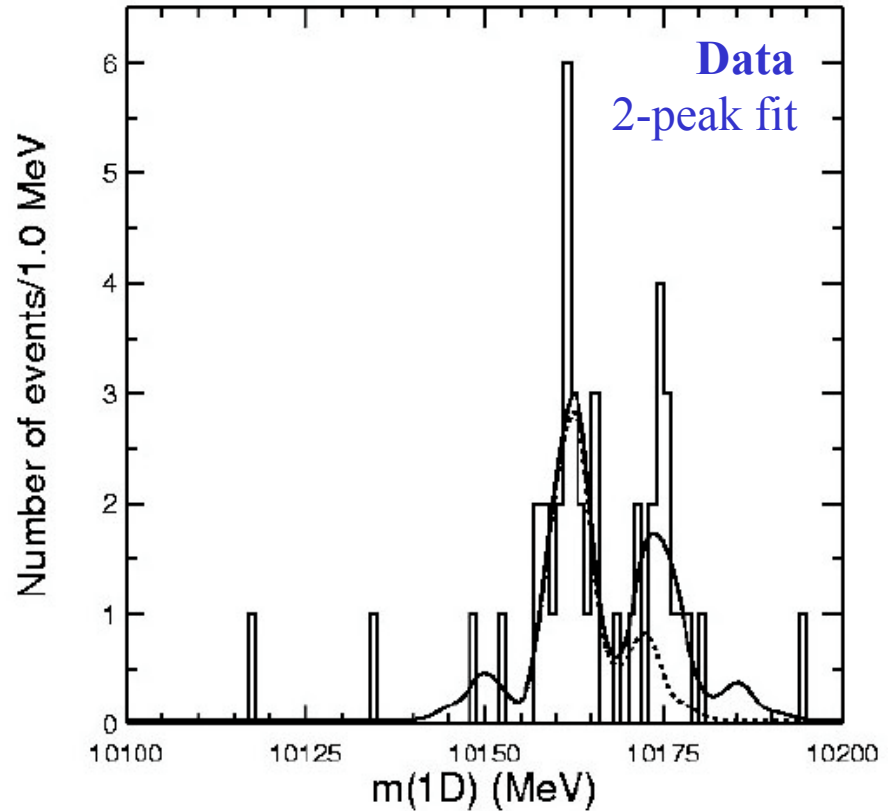
## Fit to $E_{\text{cm}} - M_{\text{recoil}}(2\gamma)$

$$M_{\Upsilon(1D)} = 10162.2 \pm 1.6 \text{ MeV} (6.8\sigma)$$

$J_{1D} = 2$  favored,  $J_{1D} = 1$  not excluded

$$\text{Br}(\Upsilon(3S) \text{ 5-stage cascade via } \Upsilon(1D)) = (3.3 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-5}$$

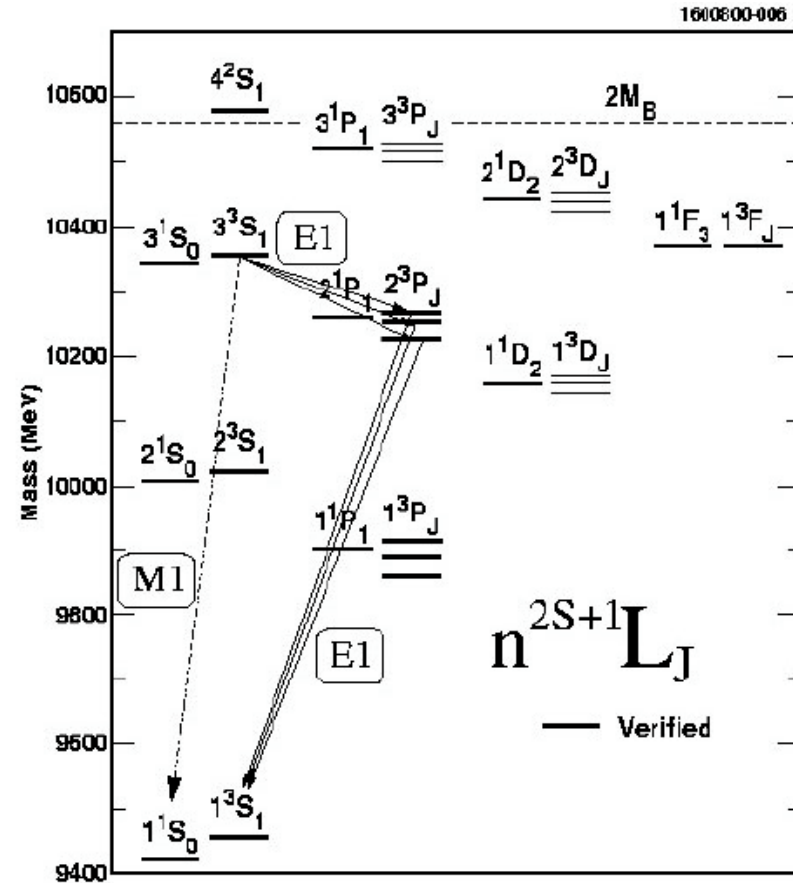
Preliminary



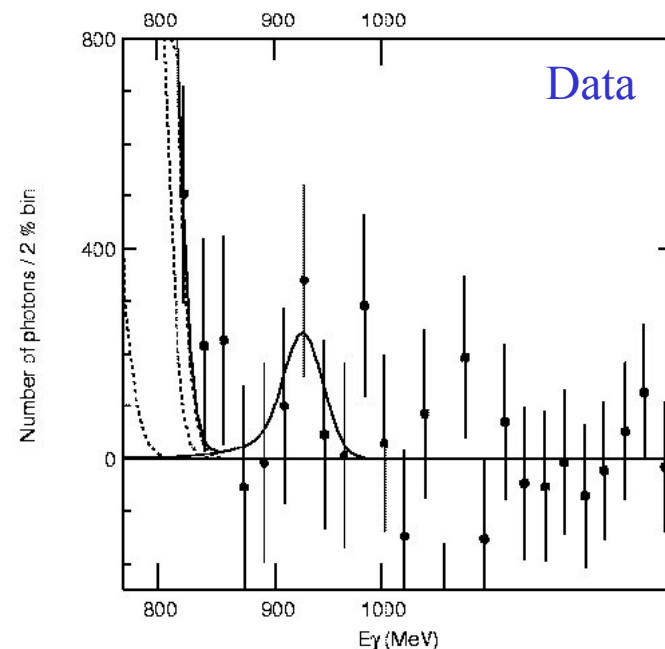
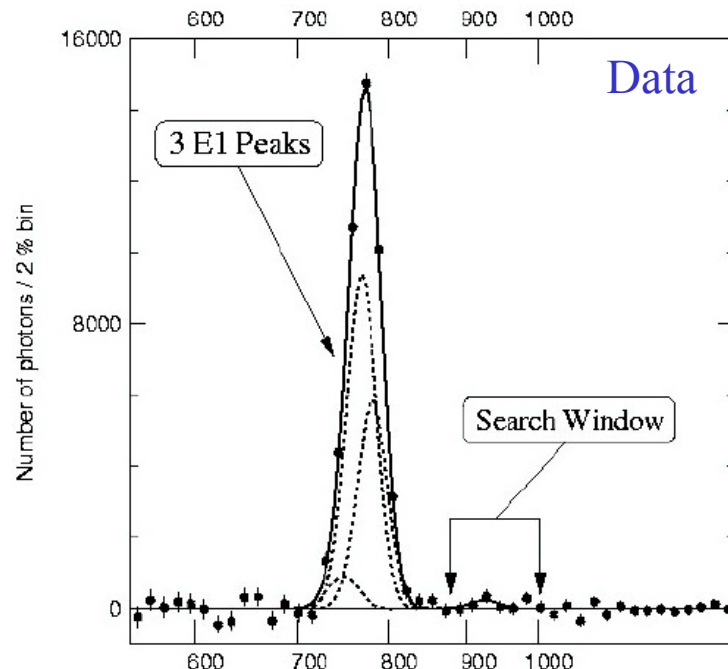
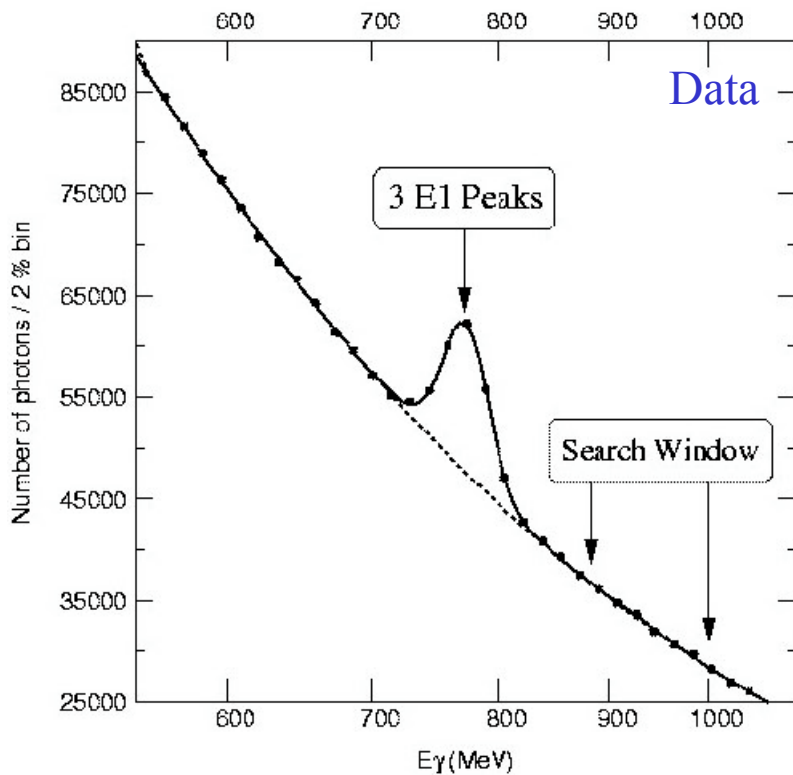
# $\eta_b(1S)$ Search in Radiative $\Upsilon(3S)$ Decays

- No Spin = 0  $b\bar{b}$  state yet observed  
E.g.,  $\eta_b(1S)$  ( $b\bar{b}$  ground state)
- $\Upsilon(\text{Triplet}) \rightarrow \eta_b(\text{Singlet})$  via M1 transitions  

$$\Gamma[\Upsilon(nS) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_b(n'S)] = \frac{4\alpha q_b^2 f^2 E_\gamma^3}{3m_b^2}$$
- Use  $n' \neq n$  M1 transitions  
Avoid  $\Upsilon(nS) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_b(nS)$ ,  $E_\gamma = 100$  MeV
- Tune search w/ E1 decay  
 $\chi_b(2P_J) \rightarrow \gamma \Upsilon(1S)$ ,  $E_\gamma \sim 770$  MeV  
Use isolated, “good barrel”  $\gamma$ 's:  $\pi^0$  rejection

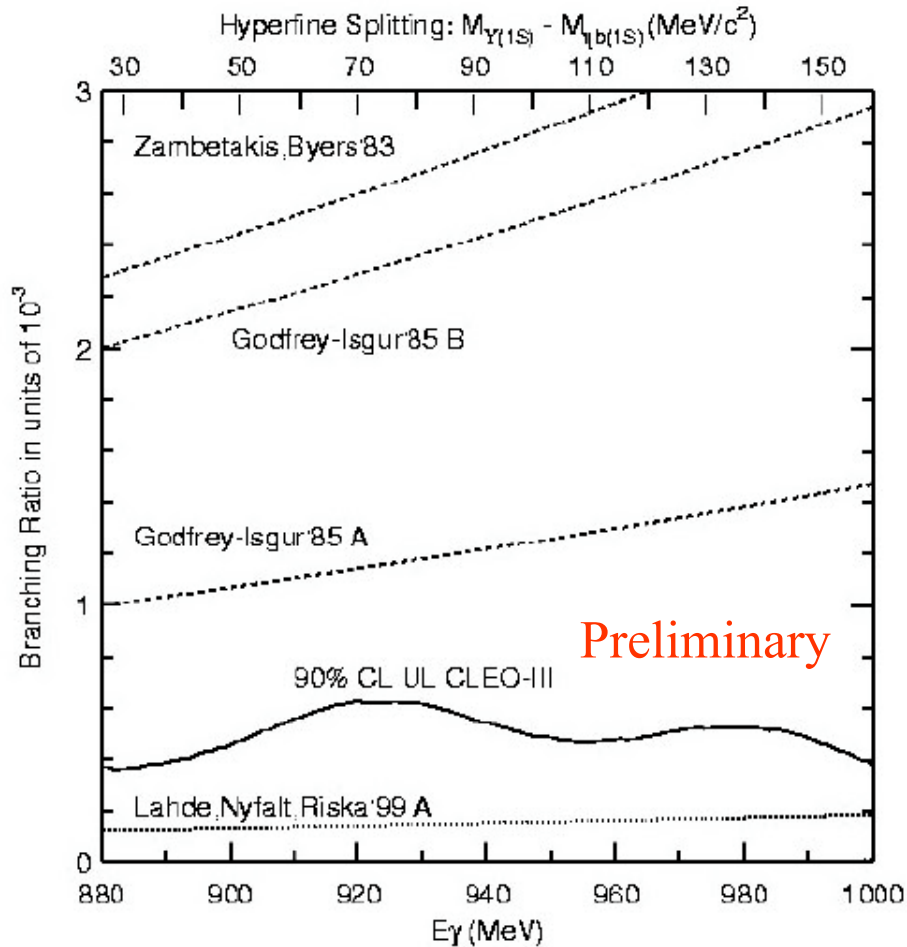


# $\eta_b(1S)$ Search in Radiative $\Upsilon(3S)$ Decays



- Multiple fits w/  $880 \text{ MeV} < E_\gamma < 1000 \text{ MeV}$
- Max yield =  $698 \pm 463$  evts ( $1.5\sigma$ )
- ∴ NO  $\eta_b(1S)$  seen

# $\eta_b(1S)$ Search in Radiative $\Upsilon(3S)$ Decays



- Selection  $\varepsilon$  from MC (w/  $M_{\eta_b(1S)} = 9.4$  GeV)
- 90% C.L. upper limit via PDG
- Some phenomenological models excluded



# $\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \eta' X$

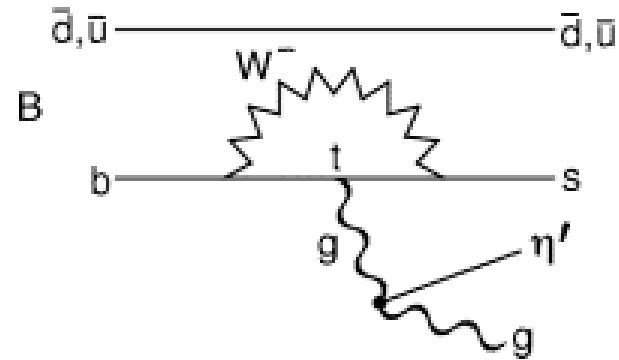
- “High”  $\text{Br}(B \rightarrow \eta' X_s) = (6.2 \pm 1.6 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-4}$ ,  $2 \leq P_{\eta'} \leq 2.7 \text{ GeV}$   
 [ CLEO, PRL **81** (1998) 1786 ]  
 [ BABAR, hep-ex/0109034 ]

- $b \rightarrow s(g^* \rightarrow g \eta')$

[ D. Atwood + A.Soni, PLB **405** (1997) 150 ]

[ W.S. Hou + B. Tseng, PRL **80** (1998) 434 ]

[ A. Kagan + A. Petrov, hep-ph/9707354 ]



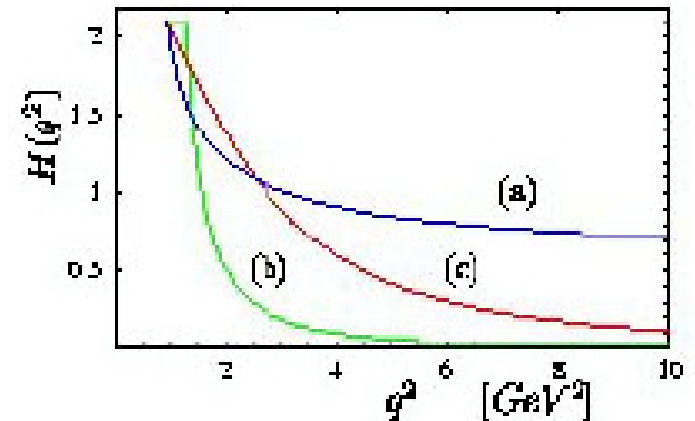
$$H(q^2) \varepsilon_{\alpha\beta\mu\nu} q^\alpha k^\beta \varepsilon^\mu \varepsilon^\nu \quad [ \text{A. Kagan hep-ph/0201313} ]$$

Probe ( $b \rightarrow sg \eta'$ ) w/ fast  $\eta'$ :  $\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow ggg \rightarrow \eta' X$

- Models assume only  $\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow ggg \rightarrow \eta' X$

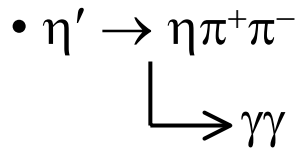
Must correct for  $\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow qq \rightarrow \eta' X$

$e^+e^- \rightarrow qq \rightarrow \eta' X$



# $\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \eta' X$

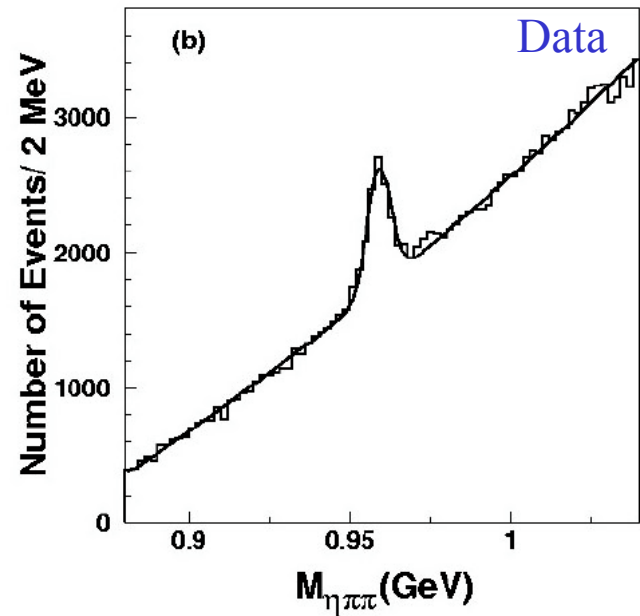
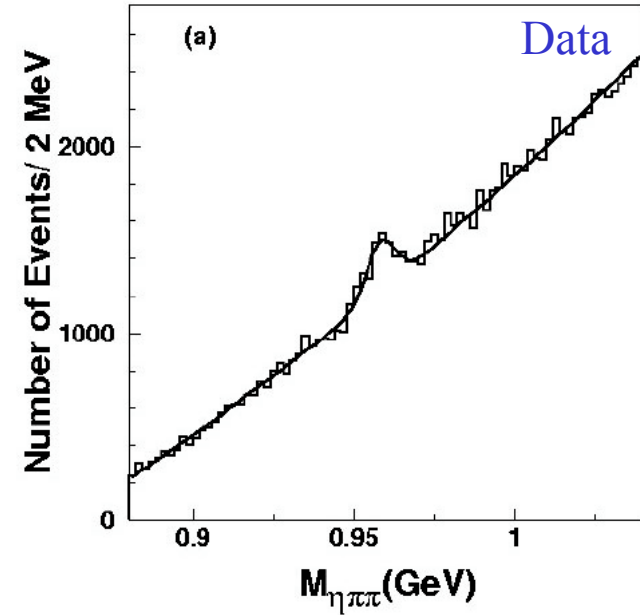
- $\int L dt = 80 \text{ pb}^{-1} @ \sqrt{s} = \Upsilon(1S) \Rightarrow 1.86 \times 10^6 \Upsilon(1S) \text{ event}$
- $\int L dt = 1193 \text{ pb}^{-1} @ \sqrt{s} = \Upsilon(4S) |_{-} \text{ (continuum)}$



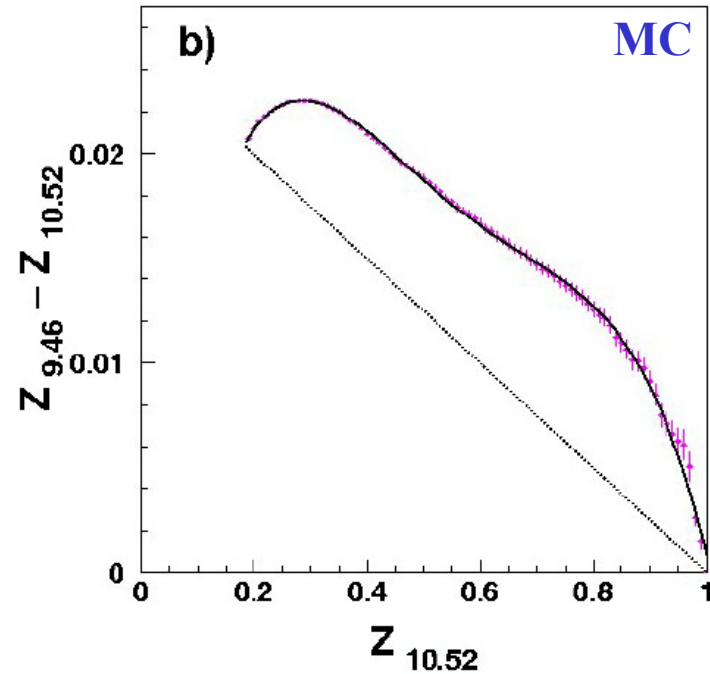
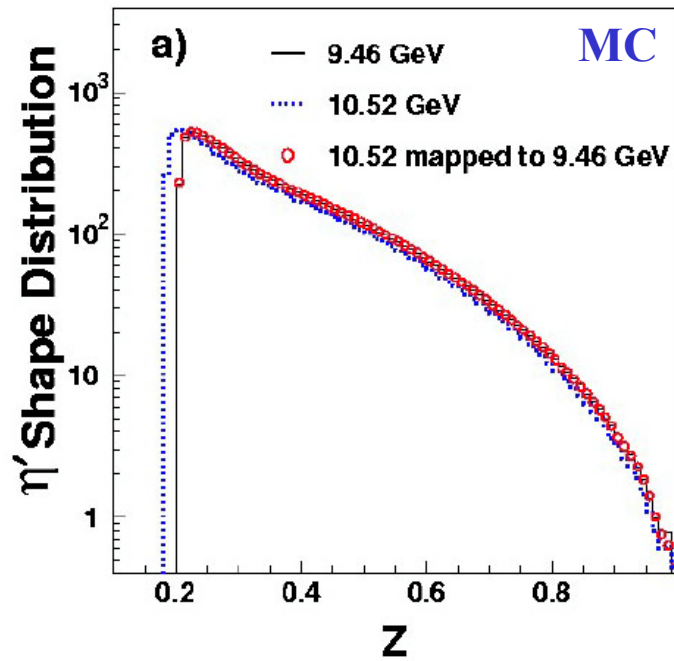
$\pi^0$  rejection for  $Z < 0.5$

$$Z = E_{\eta'} / E_{\text{beam}} = 2E_{\eta'} / M_{\Upsilon(1S)}$$

$\eta'$  recon eff = 10 - 25 %

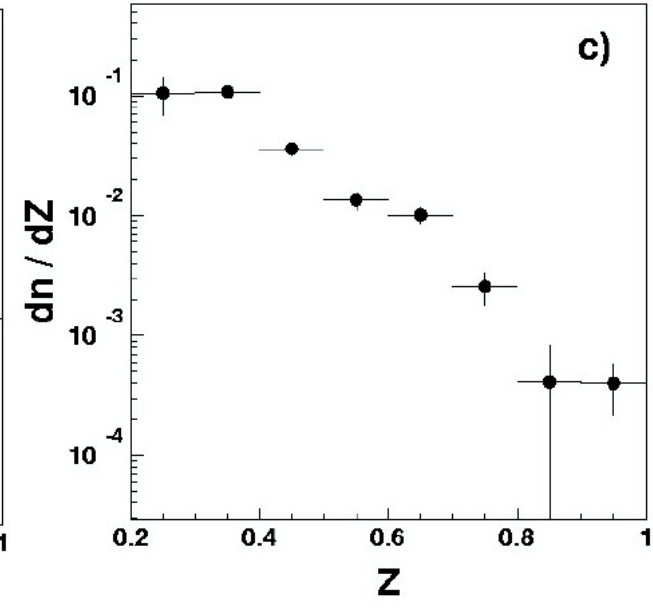
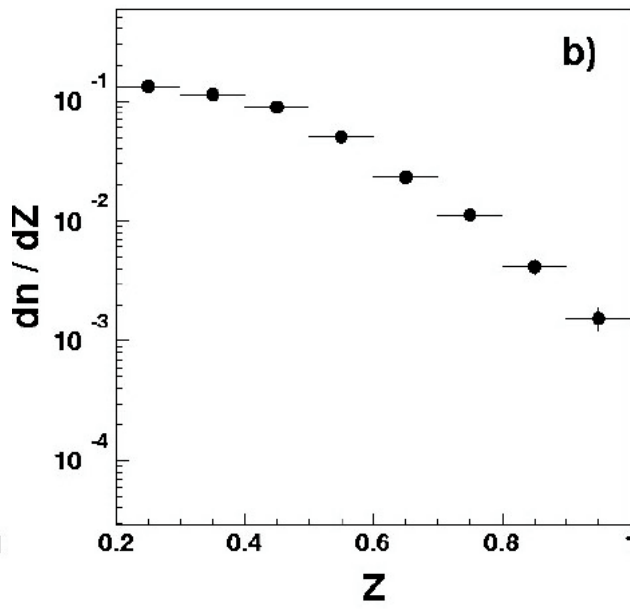
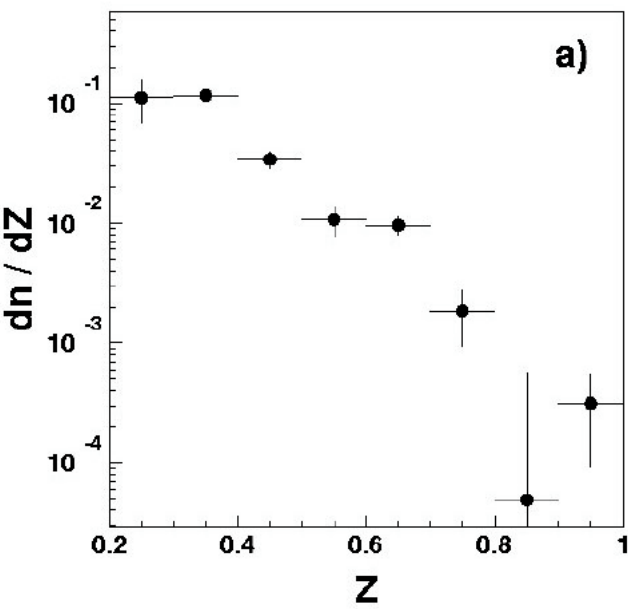


# $\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \eta' X$



- Use  $e^+e^- \rightarrow qq @ \sqrt{s} \approx \Upsilon(4S)$   
To estimate  $e^+e^- \rightarrow qq @ \sqrt{s} = \Upsilon(1S)$

$$\int_0^{Z'_{10.52}} P_{10.52}(z) dz = \int_0^{Z'_{9.48}} P_{9.48}(z) dz$$



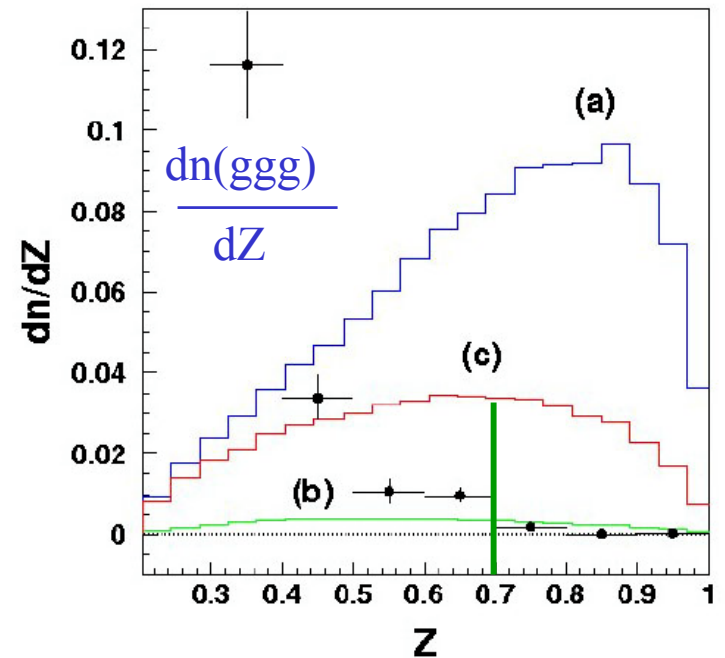
$$\frac{dn(ggg)}{dZ} = \frac{d Br(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow ggg \rightarrow \eta' X)}{dZ \times Br(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow ggg)}$$

$$\frac{dn(qq)}{dZ} = \frac{d Br(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow qq \rightarrow \eta' X)}{dZ \times Br(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow qq)}$$

$$\frac{dn(1S)}{dZ} = \frac{d Br(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \eta' X)}{dZ}$$

NO enhanced  $\eta'$   $g^*g$  coupling  
seen @ large  $\eta'$  energies

hep-ex/0211029 v2



## Summary

- 1st Observation of  $\Upsilon$  (1D) States
- No  $\eta_b(1S)$  seen
- No large anomalous  $g^* g \eta'$  coupling in  $\Upsilon$  (1S)  $\rightarrow \eta' X$  decays

# Back-Up Slides

