

LABORATORY FOR ELEMENTARY-PARTICLE PHYSICS **LEPP Joint Seminar**



Matthew Klimek Cornell Neural Network-Based Approach to Phase Space Integration

Monte Carlo methods are widely used in particle physics to integrate and sample probability distributions (differential cross sections or decay rates) on multi-dimensional phase spaces. We present a Neural Network algorithm optimized to perform this task. The algorithm has been applied to several examples of direct relevance for parti- cle physics, including situations with non-trivial features such as sharp resonances and soft/collinear enhancements. Excellent performance has been demonstrated in all exam- ples, with the properly trained NN achieving unweighting efficiencies of between 30% and 75%. In contrast to traditional Monte Carlo algorithms such as VEGAS, the NN-based approach does not require that the phase space coordinates be aligned with resonant or other features in the cross section.

Friday, Nov. 2, 2018 12:30pm 401 Physical Sciences Bldg.