

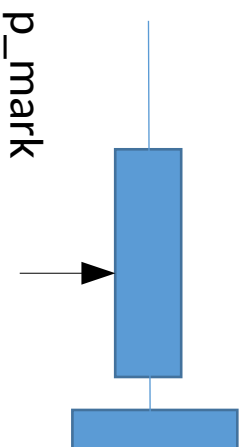
OSC simulation update

Suntao Wang

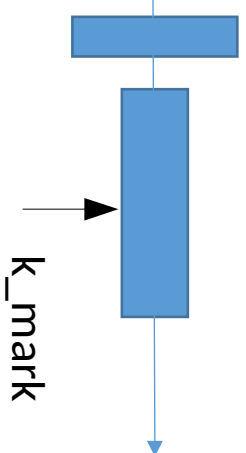
11/28/2017

MPE's by passline:

Q48W

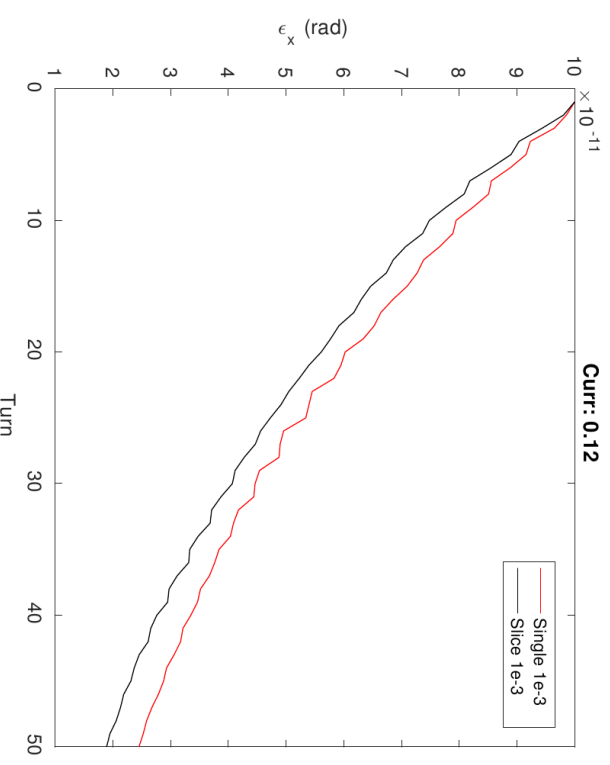


Q48E



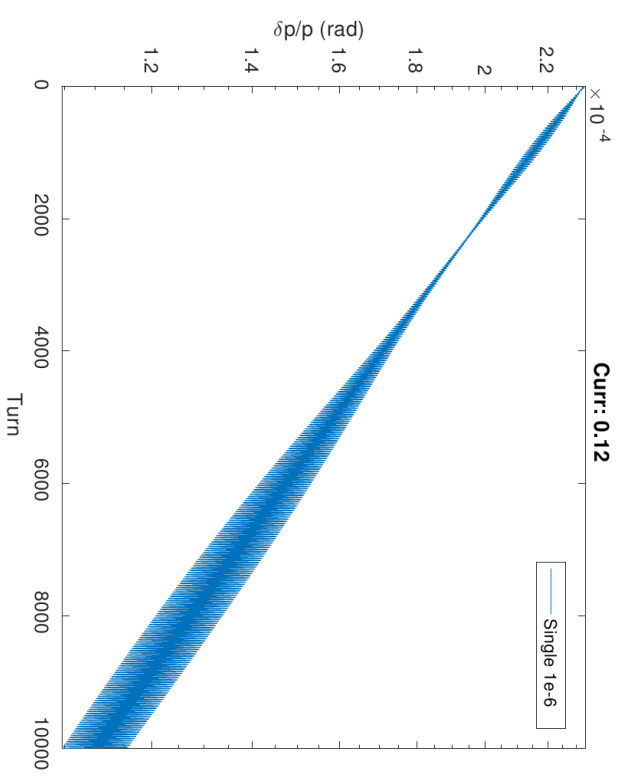
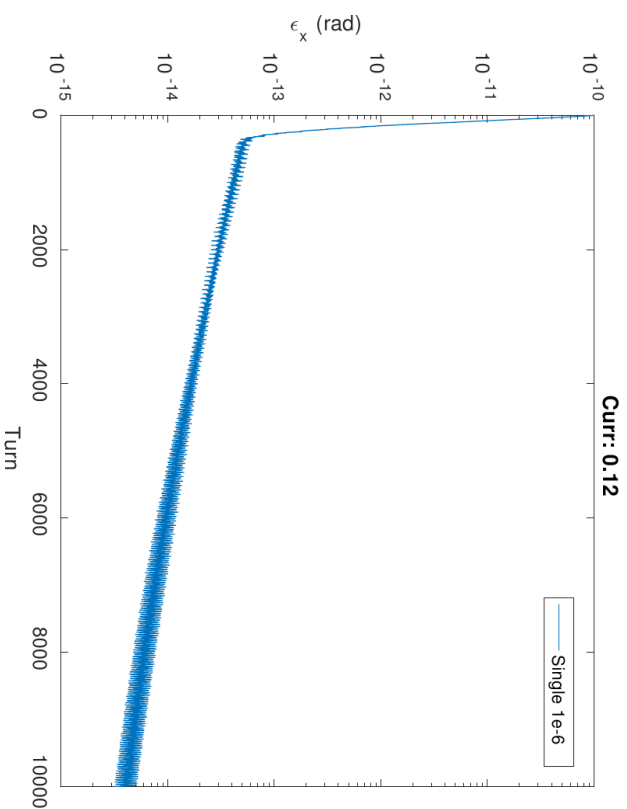
1. $\epsilon_{init} > \epsilon_{max}$, no horizontal cooling and $a_x > 2.3$ large
2. $\epsilon_{init} < \epsilon_{max}$, horizontal cooling but slow longitudinal cooling
 $\epsilon_{init} = 1E-10$, $a_x = 0.77$

$M_{51} = 1.89E-3$, $M_{52} = -4.09E-2$, $M_{56} = 1.176E-2$, $M_{56_T} = 5.35E-5$,
undulator light wavelength: $\lambda = 1 \mu\text{m}$, gain: $\zeta_0 = 1E-6$
Cooling range: $\epsilon_{max} = 9.835E-10$, $(\Delta p/p)_{max} = 7.16E-3$
Cooling rates: $\lambda_x = 3.68E-2$, $\lambda_s = 1.68E-4$
Change emittance per turn: $\Delta\epsilon = -4.62E-11$,
Path length delay: $\Delta s < 3E-7$ ($k\Delta s \sim 1.88$)



MPE's bypass line

Excitation and damping off, $\xi_0 = 1E-6$



Horizontal: two cooling rates

1-500 turn: $t_x = 32.6$ turns

>500 turn: $t_x = 3806$ turns

Energy cooling rate:

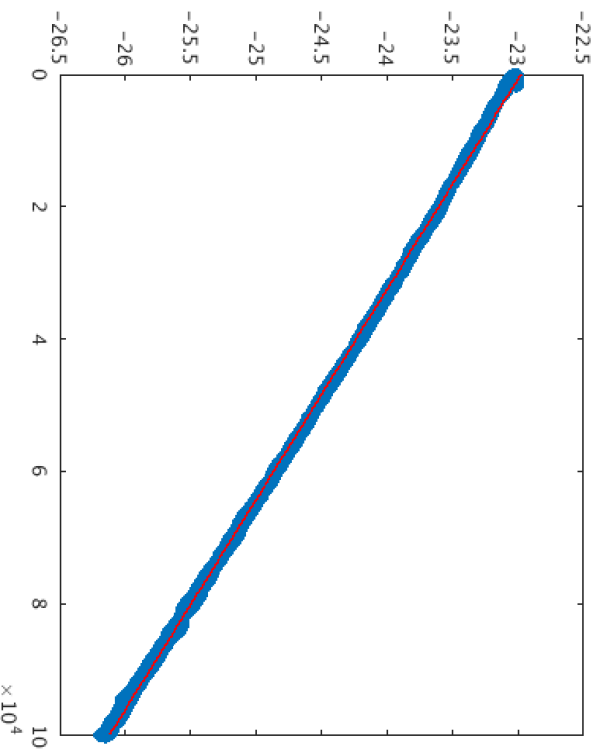
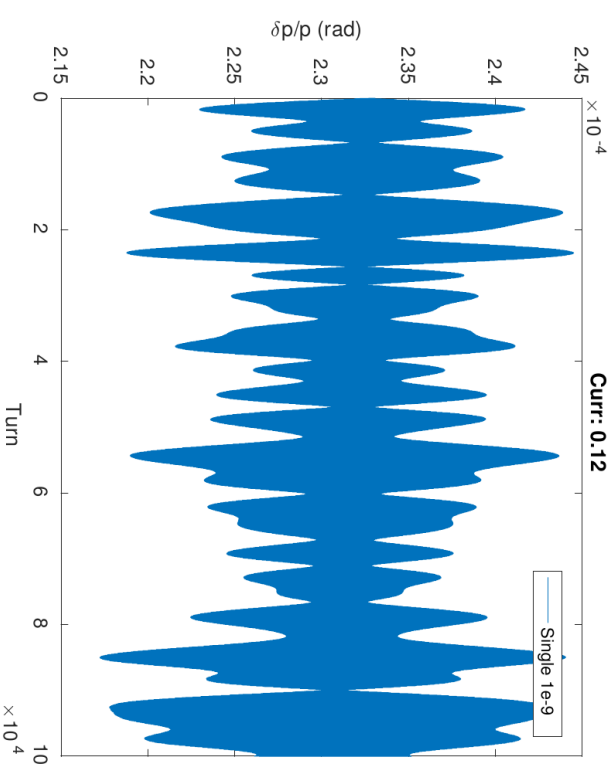
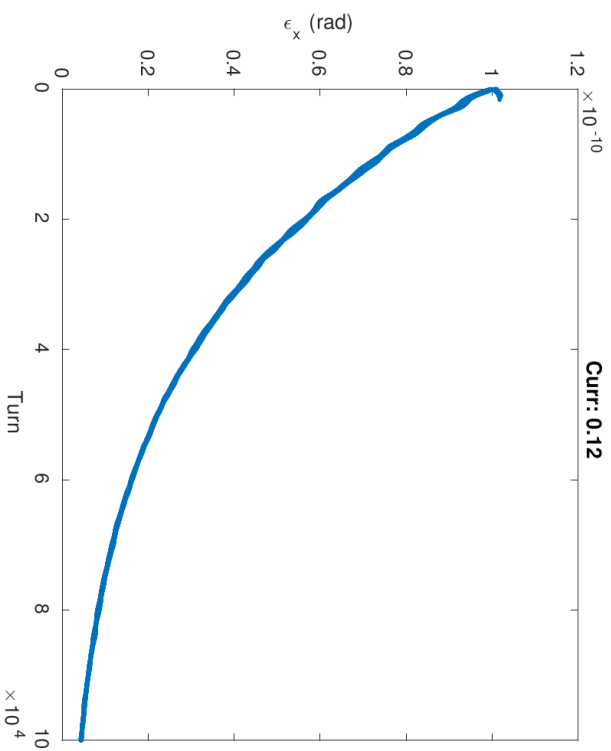
$t_s = 13390.06$ turns

Theoretical cooling rate ratio: $\lambda_x/\lambda_s = 3.68E-2/1.68E-4 = 219$

Tracking: $t_s/t_x = 410.7$

MPE's bypass line

Excitation and damping off, $\xi_0=1E-9$



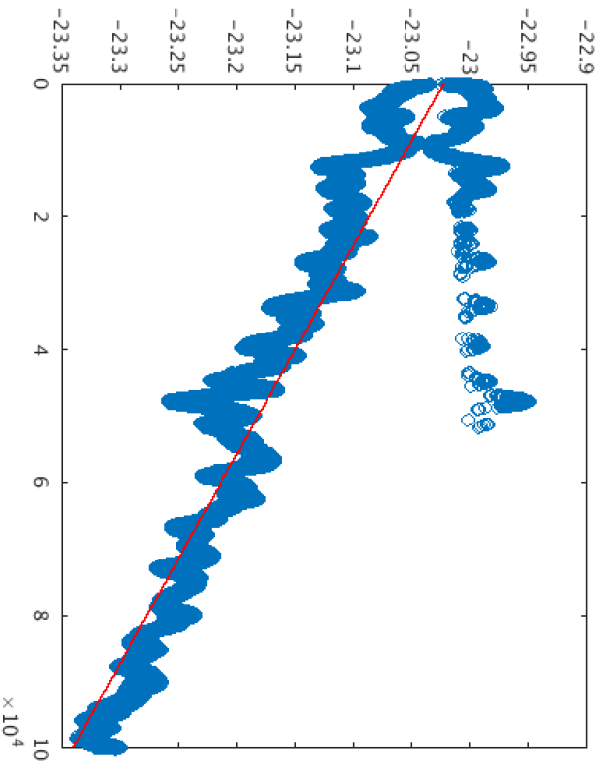
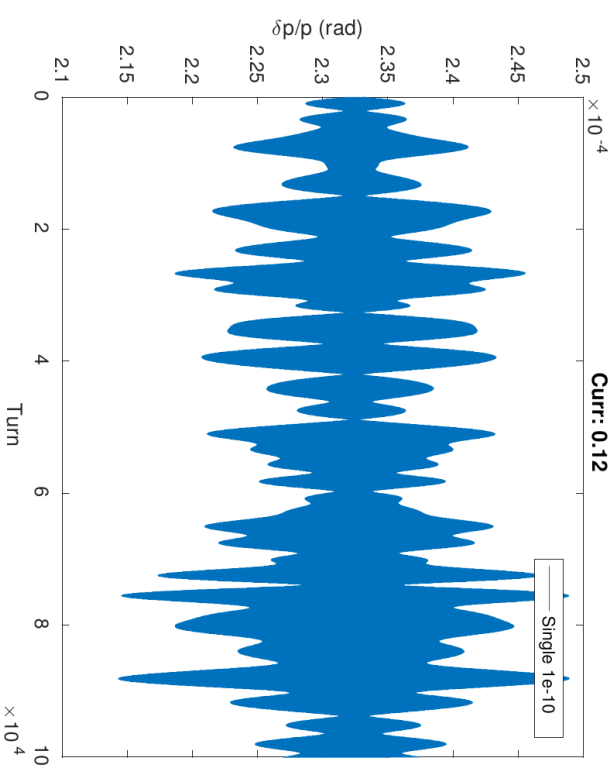
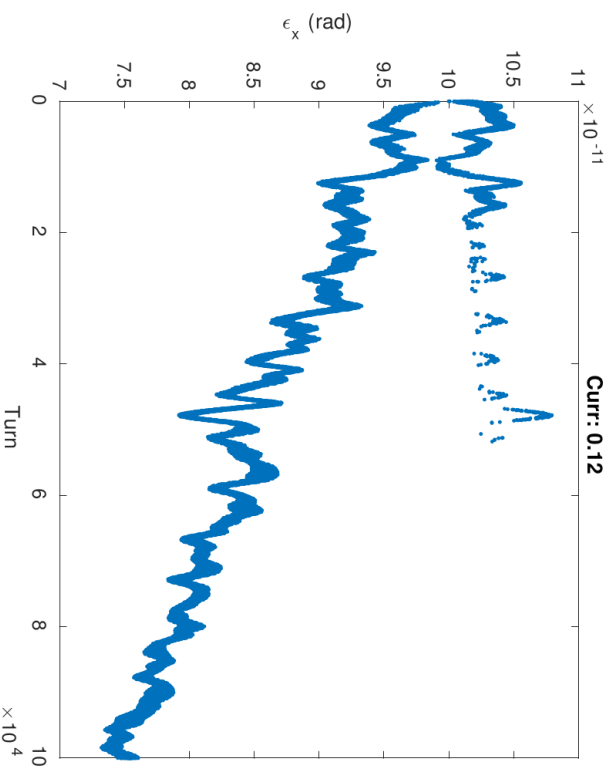
Horizontal cooling rate:
 $t_x = 3.1E4$ turns

1000 times slower than $\xi_0=1E-6$ case

No longitudinal cooling

MPE's bypass line

Excitation and damping off, $\xi_0=1E-10$



Horizontal cooling rate:
 $t_x = 3.3E5$ turns

1E4 times slower than $\xi_0=1E-6$ case

No longitudinal cooling

Energy lost due to quantum excitation and damping: $\Delta p_z = \frac{\Delta E}{E_0} = -k_E (1 + p_z)$

$$k_E = k_d + k_f \quad k_d \equiv \frac{2r_e}{3} \gamma_0^3 \langle g_0^2 \rangle L_p (1 + p_z)$$

$$k_f \equiv \left(\frac{55 r_e \hbar c}{24 \sqrt{3} m_e} L_p \gamma_0^5 \langle g_0^3 \rangle \right)^{1/2} (1 + p_z) \xi$$

For a normal CESR bend at 0.5 GeV: $k_d \sim 3.37E-9$, $k_f \sim 6.5E-9 * R$

To observe OSC cooling effect over SR damping: $\xi > k_E \sim 1E8$
 R is a Gaussian distributed random number with unit sigma and zero mean.

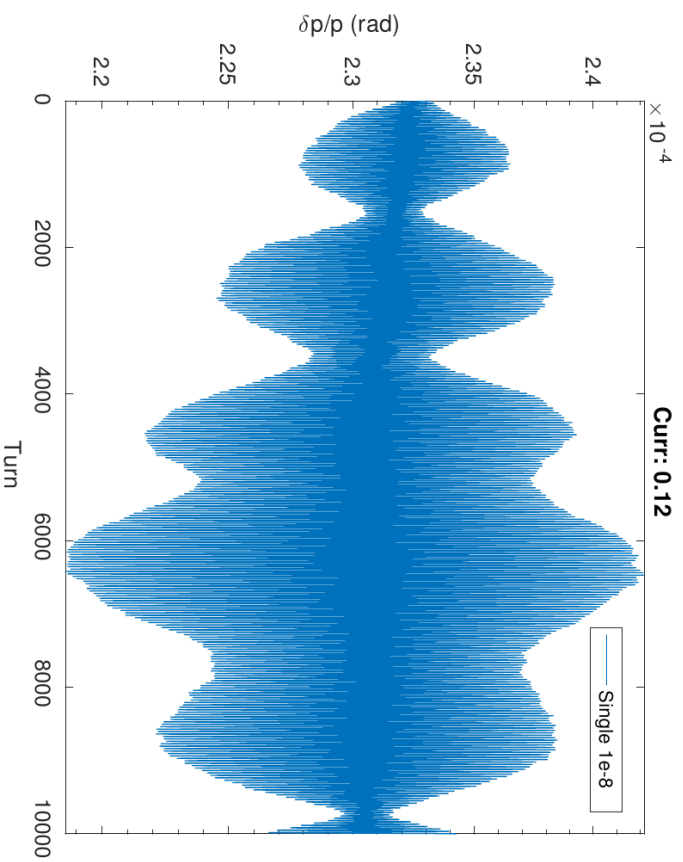
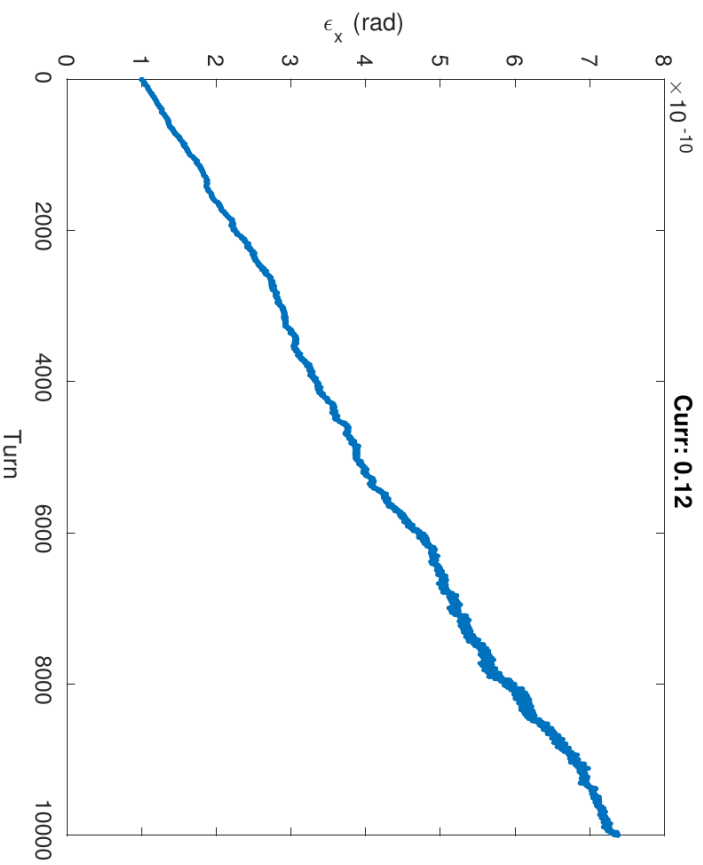
Estimate the passive cooling ξ :

For a single electron: $\Delta E = 80 \text{ meV}$, $E = 0.5 \text{ GeV}$, $\xi \sim \Delta E/E \sim 2E-10$

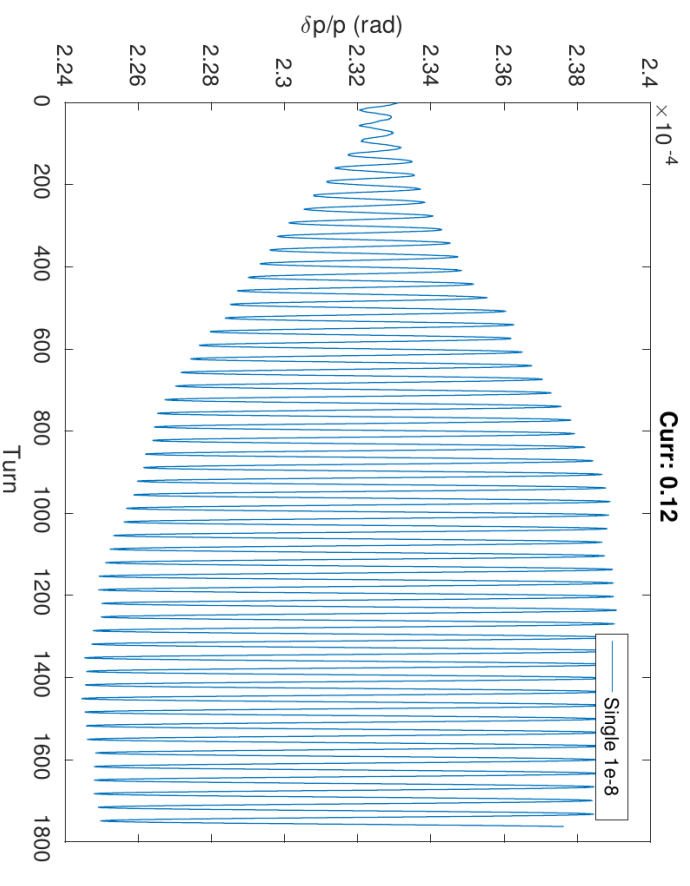
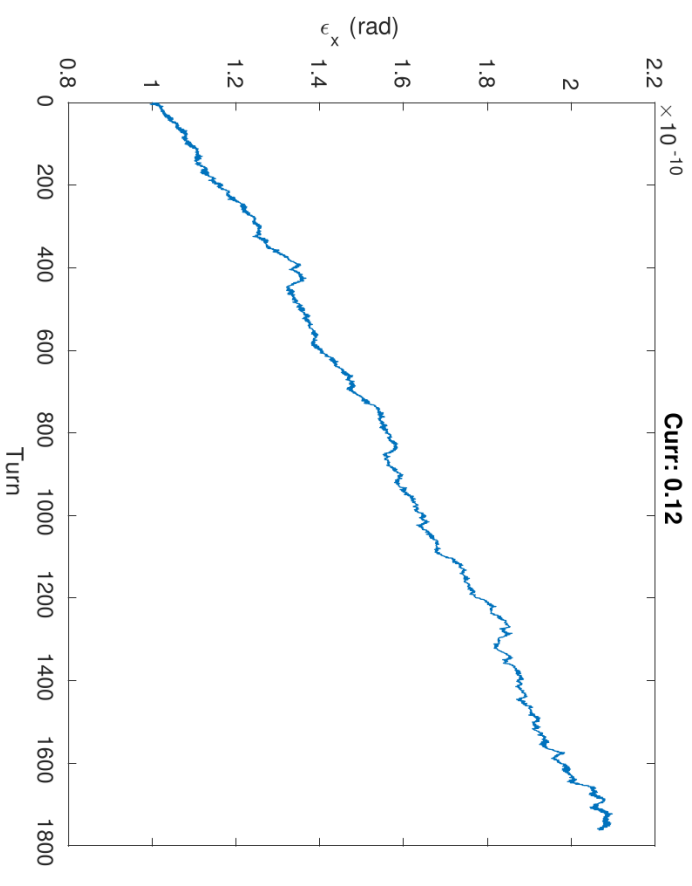
Optical amplifier Gain $> 1E8/2E-10 = 50$ ($> 17 \text{ dB}$)

Reasonable?

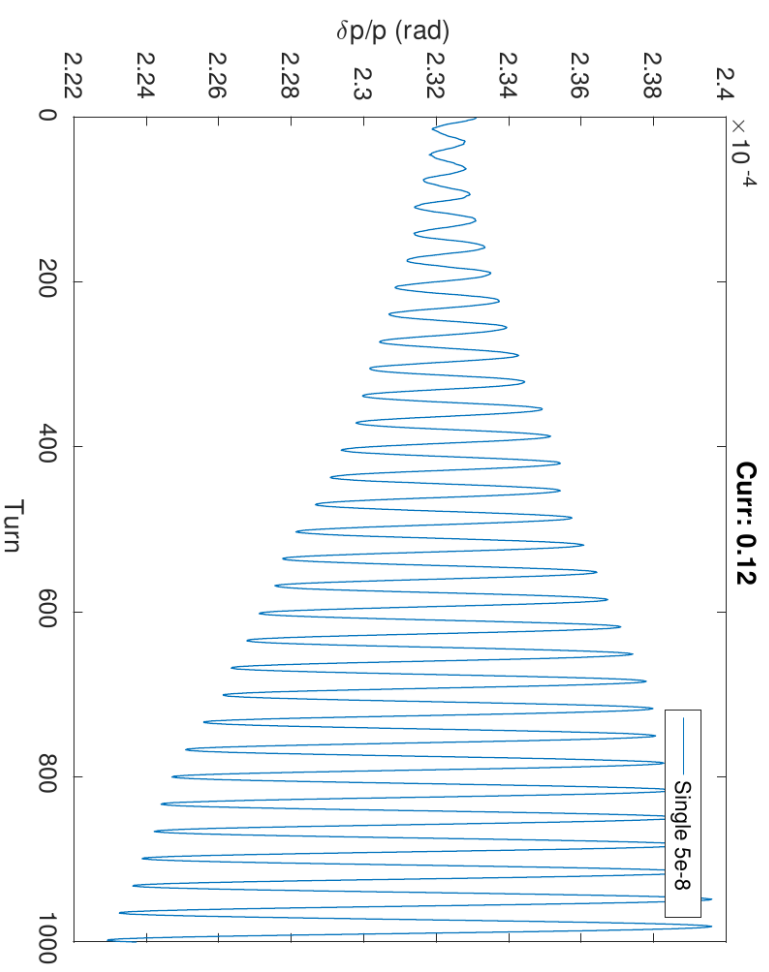
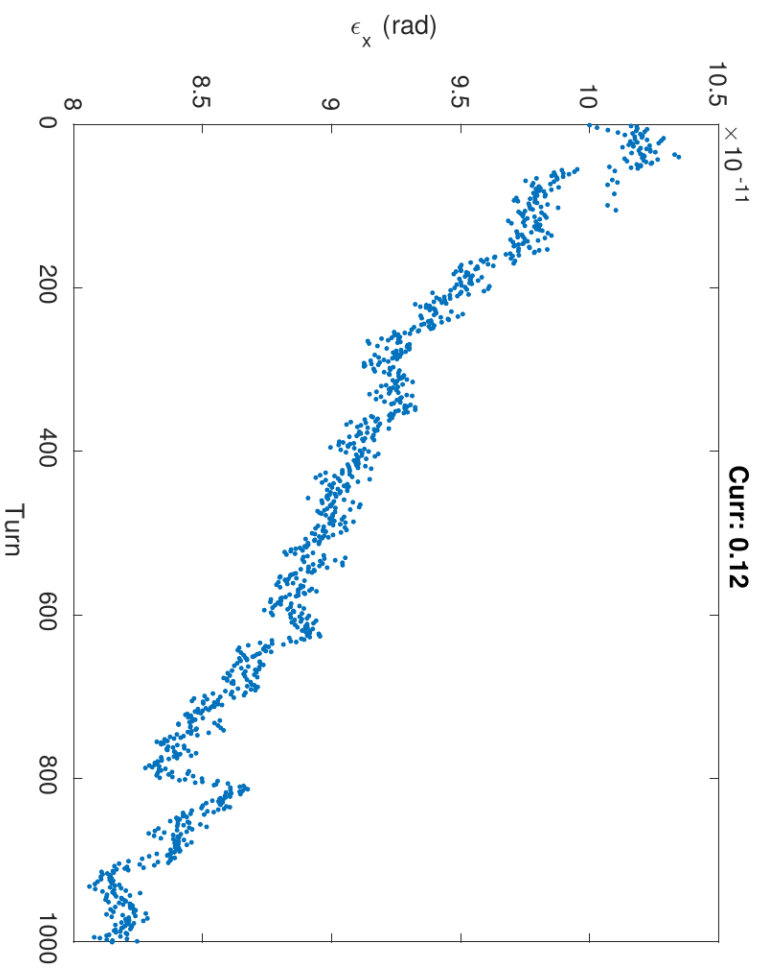
Excitation and damping on, $\xi_0=1E-8$

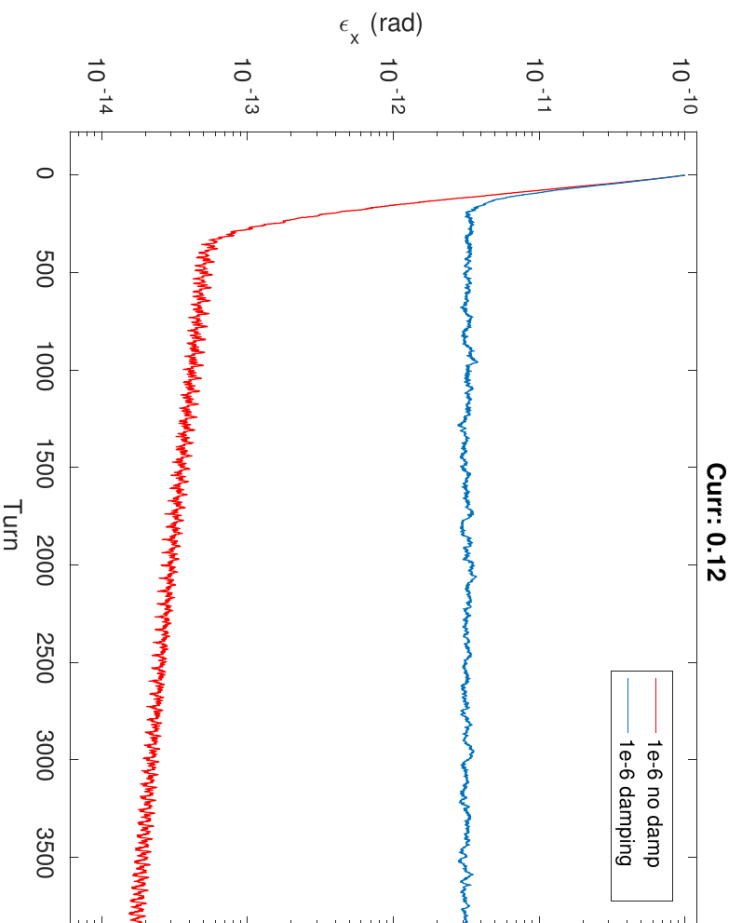


Only excitation on, $\xi_0=1E-8$

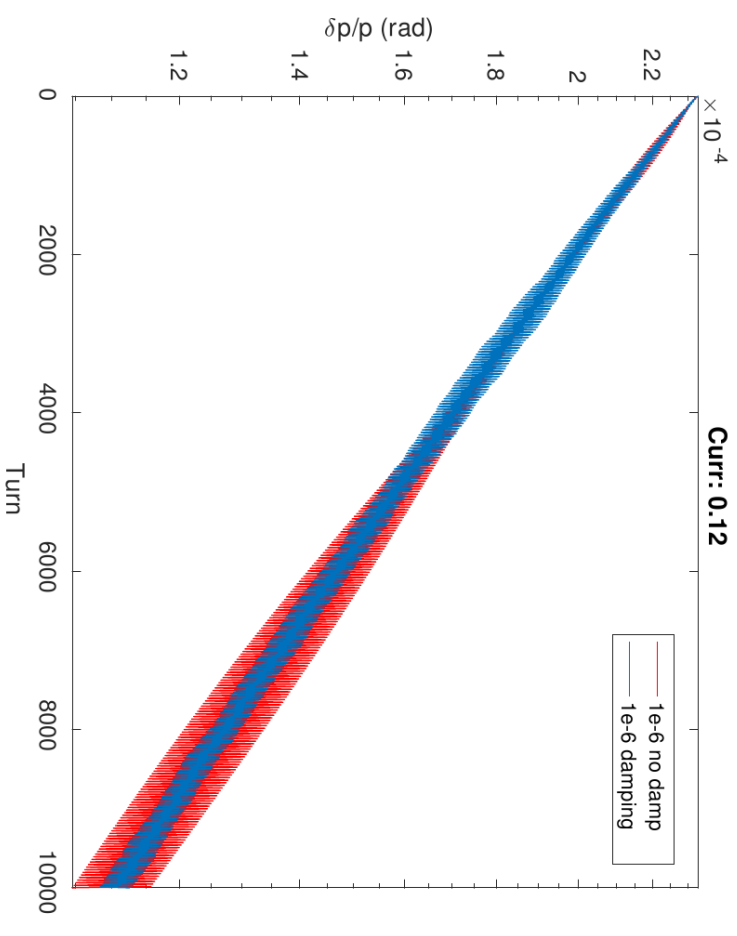


Excitation and damping on, $\xi_0=5E-8$





Horizontal cooling rate
 1-100 turn: $t_x = 38$ turns



Longitudinal cooling rate:
 $t_s = 13390.06$ turns